Gettysburg Compiler.
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H. J. STABLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

Gettysburg Compiler.

69TH YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA., TUESDAY, JUNE 28, 1887. NUMBER 43.

PROFESSIONAL.

S. Mc. SWOPE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street opposite the Court-House. May 18, 1881. tf

D. McCONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Offices in Chambers-burg street, Gettysburg, Pa. Special attention given to all suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims in Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay and Damages against the United States, attended to promptly and effectually. Land Warrants bought and sold and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States. July 19, 1869. tf

J. A. KITZMILLER,
(Successor to H. B. Woods, Esq.,)
ATTORNEY AT LAW, has removed his office to the second story of Spangler's building, Hall in front, Gettysburg, Pa., recently occupied by H. B. Woods, Esq. Will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him. May 7, 1878. tf

C. S. DUNCAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Will continue the practice of law at the office of his father, the late W. A. Duncan. All legal business entrusted to him will receive careful and prompt attention.
April 17, 1883. tf

JOHN M. KRAUTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street south of the Court-house.
July 16, 1866. tf

REMOVED.
G. J. BENNER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office above G. W. Spangler's store, southeast corner of the square, Gettysburg, Pa. Oct. 21, 1884. tf

EDW. J. COX,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Collections a specialty. Office on Baltimore street, near the Court-House, Gettysburg, Pa., July 11, 1881. tf

REMOVED.
EDWARD A. WEAVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office over Amos Eckert's store, northeast corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa. Will be readily and promptly attended to all business entrusted to him. Feb. 15, 1887. tf

J. C. NEELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office in residence, on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank, Gettysburg, April 1, 1884. tf

WM. McSHERRY, Jr.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, Adams co., Pa.
Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court-House. Dec. 5, 1878. tf

DAVID WILLS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in residence, southeast corner of the Diamond. Jan. 29, 1875. tf

RE MOVED.
WM. ARCH. McCLEAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office—Second floor rooms over old store stand of Danner & Ziegler, now occupied by M. Rieffer, on west side of Baltimore st. Special attention given to collection of pensions of soldiers, minors and other trusts, conveyancing and loans. Promptness in collections and remittances. March 8, 1887. tf

REMOVED.
GEORGE M. WALTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office with Wm. McSherry, Jr., Esq., opposite the Court-house. March 8, 1887. tf

Dr. JOHN I. BROWN,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR, (formerly Clinical Assistant University Hospital, Baltimore, Md.) HAMILTON, ADAMS COUNTY, PA., respectfully invites all persons afflicted with chronic diseases to consult him by mail.
Dr. Brown's Great Dyspepsia Remedy, with full directions, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of $1. Chronic Diseases a Specialty. Address DR. JOHN J. BROWN, Hampton, Adams co., Pa.

Dr. GEORGE L. RICE,
OFFICE in McSherrystown, Will attend to calls from any part of the country. Specialty—Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart. April 21, 1879. tf

DR. W. L. DELAP,
HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, will attend calls to any part of the county. Office on Carlisle street, north of railroad.
After graduation he pursued a protracted course of post graduate study in the principal hospitals of Philadelphia, by which he is enabled to treat successfully diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, chest and those peculiar to women, as well as those pertaining to general practice. By prompt and conscientious attention to business he hopes to merit a fair share of patronage. Sept. 11, 1886. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL,
OFFICE ON BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 5, '78.-tf

DR. J. C. FELTY,
OFFICE with Dr. Robert Horner, near the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, Pa. July 13, 1886. tf

Dr. F. C. WOLF,
HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of public patronage. April 12, '86.-tf

Dr. D. STUART WATSON,
DENTIST, graduate of the Dental Department University of Pennsylvania, has permanently located in FAIRFIELD, PA. Office opposite Reformed parsonage. Office hours from 7½ to 11½ A. M.; 1 to 5 P. M. April 11, '84.-tf

J. L. HILL, M. D. JAS. M. HILL, D. D. S.
DR. J. L. HILL & SON,
DENTISTS,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
OFFICE on Chambersburg street, one door north of Lutheran church.
Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.
April 13, 1886. tf

THE
Baltimore Hill Grocery
HAS changed hands, Wm. Ruff having sold the stock to the undersigned, who will continue the business at the old place, and hopes to sustain the high standing for reliability this place has so long enjoyed, by pleasing the old customers as well as new ones.
A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES,
of all kinds, including Dried and Canned Fruits and Vegetables, all fresh and of the best grades and sold at most reasonable profits.
Goods not on hand promptly ordered.
CHINA, GLASS, STONE AND WOODEN-WARE IN FULL ASSORTMENT.
REMEMBER THE OLD PLACE
JOHN C. LOWER.
Jan. 11, 1887. tf

COOK STOVES
—AND—
RANGES.
Largest, Handsomest and Cheapest Assortment Ever Shown in Gettysburg
—AT—
A. J. SMITH'S
HEADQUARTERS FOR STOVES AND TINWARE, YORK STREET.
Roofing, Spouting and Jobbing
at lowest rates and in satisfactory manner. Call and see stock and learn prices. Sept. 28, 1886. tf

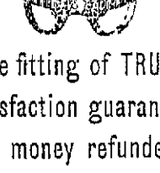
CHINESE LAUNDRY,
COR. CARLISLE & WATER STS., GETTYSBURG.
TAM AH YARK, Proprietor.
Goods called for and delivered. All work done at reasonable prices and satisfaction guaranteed. GIVE ME A TRIAL. March 29, 1887. tf

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y. Mar. 22, 1887. 1m

PUSHING BUSINESS.
All the New Styles.
FIRST-CLASS WORK, AND DON'T BE AFRAID TO BUY IT.
THE firm of C. W. TROXEL & BRO., respectfully announce to the friends of the old and well-known Troxel establishment, on East Middle street, Gettysburg, and the public in general, that they are prepared to put up all work in their line in styles equal to the finest city work, and at much lower prices. Their stock includes
BUGGIES, PHAETONS, DAYTON WAGONS, JUMP-SEAT CARRIAGES, SURREYS, SKELETON WAGONS, &c.
Also in season a large collection of very stylish and durable CUTTERS.
REPAIRING
of all kinds done promptly and at lowest figures. They ask the public to call, inspect work and get terms before purchasing elsewhere.
C. W. TROXEL & BRO.
May 3, 1887. tf

Burned Out!
BUT AGAIN
READY FOR BUSINESS.
A. D. Buehler & Co.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
ENTIRE STOCK OF
NEW GOODS
Drugs, Books, Medicines, Stationery, &c.
GIVE US A CALL!
May 20, 1885. tf

Remarkable!
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
Drugs, Medicines, School and Blank Books, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c., at lowest prices at
JOHN M. HUBER'S.

Special Attention


To the fitting of TRUSSES. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

A NEW FIRM
In Groceries, &c.
A. SHOEMAKER & SON
WOULD most respectfully inform their friends and the public that they have opened a full line of
Groceries, Provisions,
CONFECTIONS, FRUITS, CIGARS AND TOBACCOS, Wooden and Willow-ware, Stoneware, and everything else usually kept in a first-class Grocery,
ON CARLISLE ST., GETTYSBURG,
nearly opposite the Hanover R. R. depot, where they solicit a portion of the public's patronage and will earnestly strive to give every satisfaction in goods and prices. Call and see for yourselves, as we are anxious to show our stock. Apr. 6, 1886. tf

DR. DAVID H. COOVER,
OCCULIST AND AURIST,
No. 31 South 3d street, (a door of Chestnut,)
HARRISBURG, PA.
I HAVE returned from Europe and have resumed my Practice.
Practice limited to diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours—9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
March 8, 1887. 1y

O, YES! O, YES!
J. L. HOLTZWORTH, Auctioneer, returns his thanks to the public for the patronage heretofore extended to him and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. Sales called in town and country at moderate prices.
Gettysburg, Dec. 28, 1886. 6m

Miscellaneous.

THE OLD MILL.

Here from the brow of the hill I look
Through a lattice of boughs and leaves
On the old gray mill, with its gambrel roof,
And the moss on its rotting eaves,
I hear the clatter that jars its walls,
And the rushing waters sound;
And I see the black floats rise and fall
As the wheel goes slowly round.

I rode there often when I was young,
With my girl on the horse before,
And talked with Nellie, the miller's girl,
As I waited my turn at the door,
And while she tossed her ringlets brown,
And flirted and chatted so free,
The wheel might stop or the wheel might go—
It was all the same to me.

'Tis twenty years since last I stood
On the spot where I stand to-day,
And Nellie is wed and the miller is dead,
And the mill and I are gray.
But both, till we fall into ruin and wreck,
To our fortune of toil are bound,
And the man goes and the stream flows,
And the wheel moves slowly round.

—*Thomas Dunn English.*

ROSS CARSON'S COURAGE.

Shouting, laughing, pushing against each other, the boys rushed out of the school-house pell-mell.

"Look out, Ross Carson," shouted Tom Lane, in a tone of pretended alarm, "there's a spider on the pump handle. Run, quick, it may bite you."

There was a roar of laughter at this would-be witty remark, and the eyes of a score or more thoughtless boys were bent upon the figure of a slender, delicate-looking lad who had been one of the first to get out, and who had approached the pump for the purpose of getting a drink.

His face flushed painfully as Tom's jest fell on his ear, and the hand that held the tin drinking-cup trembled perceptibly, and his lips scarcely touched the water.

"Oh, he'll stand anything rather than double up his little fist," cried Tom, and crowding close to Ross he deliberately knocked his books from under his arm. The slender lad's face flushed at the insult, but he said nothing. He stopped, picked the books up, and then walked on again.

He was quite aware of Tom Lane's great anxiety to pick with him, but he determined to give him no excuse for doing so. For Ross knew that he could not with safety enter into any trial of strength with a boy so much older than himself. His lungs were weak, and the doctor had said they could bear no strain whatever. But it was hard to be called a coward, to bear insults of every description without open resentment, to feel that he was looked upon with contempt by his companions because no taunts or sneers could induce him to fight. And he was too sensitive and shy to explain to them his reason for not doing so, knowing well that his explanation would be greeted with ridicule and laughter. So he bore his various trials in silence, and not even his mother knew what he endured. He did not know that this forbearance showed him possessed of true heroism, for, like most boys he had a strong admiration for deeds of daring, and saw little merit in silent endurance.

Tom Lane was the most daring boy among them all. He boasted that he had the coolest head, the strongest arm, and the greatest amount of courage of any fellow of his age in Hillsboro', and none disputed his claim. He was always ready for a fight, and generally came off victor in any contest. He had no pity for weakness, nor no charity for timidity, and thought all those who feared him fair game for his powers of teasing. Ross might have been fairly treated by the other scholars but for Tom, who was never weary of exciting enmity against him and understanding how to magnify the veriest trifles, was ever showing him up as "the biggest coward in Hillsboro' Academy."

But retribution was near at hand, and Tom was to be strangely punished for his sins in respect to Ross.

A new town hall was being built in Hillsboro', and a very high imposing edifice it was to be, with a steeple second to none. Tom Lane heard his father, who was the contractor for the building, say that a magnificent view could be obtained from this half completed steeple, and the next day at the noon recess Tom proposed to half a dozen of his young friends to go up and take a look for themselves.

"I have a pass from father," he said, "and the carpenters won't make any fuss."

The ascent to the steeple was easily made, for a narrow, winding stair led up to it; and the boys soon attained a height that made their heads swim as they looked down, breathless, and saw how small appeared the people on the pavement below.

"A good place for a suicide," said Tom as he leaned out.

"Do be careful," said a low voice in a tone of entreaty and looking around, the boys saw Ross Carson standing near. He had come up the stairs unperceived.

"How came you here, you little coward?" asked Tom, rudely.

"The carpenter gave me leave to come up," answered Ross, quietly. "I did not know any one was up here, and I was anxious to see the view. But it is a dangerous place."

"It's likely you think so," sneered Tom. "You'd find the head of a barrel a dangerous place. As for me, I'd like to see the place where I wouldn't go! Boys do you see that?"

He pointed to a scaffolding which had been erected about the steeple for the use of the workmen. It projected several feet, and overhung the vast chasm below.

"We see it; but what of it?" asked Louis Raymond.

"You'll see what of it," answered Tom. "It's a jolly place to dance a hornpipe;" and before his companions could realize his intention, he had climbed out upon the scaffolding and was walking fearlessly about it.

The boys stared in sheer amazement at such recklessness, and begged him to be careful.

But their fears for his safety only made Tom more anxious to show his boasted courage, and he began rather a feeble imitation of a sailor's hornpipe.

"Wouldn't it be a long jump to the pavement?" he said.

As he spoke he looked down—a fatal thing; for his head, which had been so cool and steady, began to whirl strangely. He could not move his eyes from the awful chasm below him. It seemed to fascinate him.

The boys looked at each other in horror. They saw the terrible danger which menaced him; they knew it was only a question of moments now before he must fall and be dashed to atoms on the pavement below. He stood in a kind of stupor, looking down into the fascinating gulf, his eyes wild and staring, his face white with terror. He, too, knew the awful danger in which he stood, but he was powerless to help himself. The slightest change of position, even the raising of his eyes, and he must fall. The gulf seemed drawing him on; his brain grew more torpid with every instant, and his eyes seemed starting from their sockets. Back of him shuddered, his horror stricken comrades, waiting in agony of suspense for the fatal end of this terrible drama; before and below him yawned the great chasm, at the bottom of which the people moving along looked like dwarfs.

Suddenly there was a movement among the boys, and Ross Carson, with white face and set teeth, climbed quickly and noiselessly out of the steeple on to the scaffolding, and with steady step approached the boy who stood on the brink of such a fearful death.

"If he touches him, Tom will fall," whispered Louis Raymond.

Low as the whisper was, Ross heard it, and half turned his head towards Louis, pausing an instant as if to think. Then he made a quick step forward, and throwing his arms around Tom's waist dragged him backward.

It was all over in an instant. In the face of a fearful and imminent danger Ross saved his enemy, and slowly, carefully, for every step was peril, drew him back to the steeple, and with the help of the other boys got him inside once more, white as a corpse, it is true, and utterly unnerved, but safe.

There was little said by any one. In silence Ross helped Tom descend the winding stairs, and then walked home as quickly as possible.

"I don't feel well enough to go to school again this afternoon," he said to his mother, "so I'll weed out your flower-beds for you."

"You are pale," said Mrs. Carson. "I'm afraid you study too hard."

Ross did not answer, but threw off his coat and began to weed the beds, hoping by hard work to overcome the nervousness which had possessed him ever since leaving the new town hall.

He was weeding a couple of hours later, when he heard the tramp of many feet, and looking up, he saw about a dozen of his school-mates coming in at the little wooden gate, Tom Lane first of all.

"I've come to ask your pardon, Ross Carson," said Tom, holding out his hand. "You've taught me this day what true courage is, and made me see what a cowardly sneak I've been."

Tom's lips quivered as he made this humiliating confession, and his eyes were moist with tears which he could restrain with only the greatest effort.

Ross took the proffered hand in a warm and hearty grasp as he said, "I'd have done as much for anyone, Tom. Don't make so much of it. But I'm out and out glad to be friends with you."

And friends, fast and true, they were from that time forth, and no one ever again even whispered that Ross Carson lacked courage. The story of that great deed of his on the scaffolding about the new hall had borne testimony to his courage which was sufficiently convincing, and the people of Hillsboro' were proud of their young townsman. In their eyes he was a hero. But I think that the noblest thing about his brave act was that he risked his life to save that of his enemy.—*Illustrated Christian Weekly.*

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.—For eight months the best natured creature in the world had held undisputed sway in the kitchen and its environs; but toward spring the mistress began to take account of stock.

"Bridget," she asked, "where are the pots and frying-pans?"

"Pots, ma'am? and it's good for nothing they are! Every family as I lives with always gets new pots in the spring."

"Bridget, I cannot find the kitchen dishes!"

"Dishes, ma'am? and it's in the ash-cart they are! Every family as I lives with always gets new dishes in the spring."

"Bridget, what have you done to the bed and table linen? It's positively in rags!"

"Rags, ma'am? What would you be expecting after the cold weather? Every family as I lives with always gets new things in the spring."

"Bridget, when I walked through the kitchen last night, there were hundreds of roaches running over the floor and on the tables and shelves. How could you let so many bugs live in the house?"

"Roaches, is it, ma'am? and you haven't any at all! Bugs always come out in the spring. Every family as I lives with always has as many running in the daytime as there is nights."

"Well, Bridget, I think you had better get a new home."

"And I'm thinking so myself, ma'am. Every family as I lives with in the winter always got a new girl in the spring."—*L. B. D. in Puck.*

WHY THE CROW IS BLACK.—The Indians of the extreme Northwest had some very remarkable legends about the creation, in which the crow takes the leading part, bringing order out of chaos. Perhaps the most curious was that which accounted for the raven coat of the crow. One night, while making a tour through his dominions, he stopped at the house of Can-nook, a chief, and begged for lodging and a drink of water. Can-nook offered him a bed, but, on account of the scarcity of water, refused to give him anything to drink. When all the rest were asleep the crow got up to hunt for the water butt, but was heard by Can-nook's wife, who aroused her husband. He, thinking that the crow was about to escape, piled logs of gum wood upon the fire. The crow made desperate efforts to fly through the hole in the roof where the smoke escaped, but Can-nook caused the smoke to be denser and denser, and when the crow finally regained the outer air he had black plumage. It was previously white.—*American Magazine.*

A LIMITED RANGE. — Wife—"Oh, Doctor, Benjamin seems to be wandering in his mind!"

Doctor, who knows Benjamin—"Don't trouble about that—he can't go far."—*Tid Bits.*

A CORRESPONDENT writes to ask what kind of cloth is most durable. Convict stripes, dear sir. They are never worn out.—*Buffalo Express.*

A Story of Cleveland.

One day a gentleman called at the White House to ask Col. Lamont to persuade the President to take particular notice of an old lady who was intending to be at his public reception that day. He said it would give him so much gratification if he would only notice her a little more conspicuously than he did the rest of the guests. On another occasion a gentleman wrote to say that he would attend the reception with a bride whom he had told that the President would recognize as such as soon as he saw her in the crowd. He had tried to convince her that the President, by some art of divination, was enabled to detect every bride that came to the White House, and if Mr. Cleveland would only demonstrate that he had such a faculty in this case it would be very gratifying. He told how he could be identified, and by what sign the President might tell the party. When Colonel Lamont took the note to the President the latter laughed, and said, "All right, if I can remember I will try to gratify them." When the party reached him in the line of handshakers, and the gentleman who had made the request gave the sign, the President "fumbled" instantly, and, looking into the lady's face, he said:

"I'm delighted to see you, Mrs. Brown, particularly so as brides are scarce to-day. I have watched for them, you know, and you are but the third I've seen. We usually have a dozen or so, but they make up in beauty to-day what they lack in numbers."

Now, who having the prevalent impression of the President would expect him to do a graceful little act like that? The young woman nearly fainted from amazement, but she soon recovered from it and will tell her children and her grandchildren how the President of the United States identified her as a bride in a company of a hundred and fifty women.

VICTORIA'S JUBILEE.—A cable dispatch to the New York *World* says: "The state carriage will not be used by the Queen in the jubilee procession. It was found that it would be impossible for the public to see the Queen, as the carriage is a closed one. The Queen has therefore ordered that one of the open carriages should be decorated in chocolate and gold, and emblazoned with the royal arms and crown. In this conveyance she will sit alone on the seat facing the horses, dressed in black satin covered with white lace, having worked upon it the rose, the shamrock and the thistle. Her train will be of black velvet edged with ermine, and she will not assume her robes of state until entering the Abbey, as it would be impossible for them to be contained in the carriage, owing to their volume. She will not wear her imperial diadem, but a coronet of diamonds of immense value and a lace veil hanging from her widow's cap, which she will wear instead of a bonnet as a kind of protection to her head. This cap will be literally covered with diamonds. The front of her dress will be almost hidden by the various orders, by her famous pearl necklace, the Koh-i-noor and other valuable jewels. Opposite to her Majesty will sit the Mistress of the Robes in her court costume. The royal carriage will be drawn by the famous six cream-colored horses, caparisoned with gold, and having footmen in rich scarlet and gold court liveries, with powdered hair, running by their sides holding golden cords and tassels attached to the animals' bridles. The dress of the Princess of Wales will according to present arrangements, be of cloth of gold, embroidered with roses, shamrocks and thistles in natural colors. Her Royal Highness will wear the jewels presented to her on the occasion of her marriage by the city of London."

COMMIT THIS TO MEMORY.—Abergavenny is pronounced Abergenny.
Beauchamp is pronounced Beecham.
Bolingbroke is pronounced Bullingbrook.
Brougham is pronounced Broom.
Bulwer is pronounced Buller.
Cholmondely is pronounced Chumley.
Cirencester is pronounced Sissister.
Cockburn is pronounced Cobun.
Cowper is pronounced Cooper.
Grosvenor is pronounced Grovener.
Hawarden is pronounced Harden.
Holborn is pronounced Hobun.
Knollys is pronounced Knowles.
Majoribanks is pronounced Marchbanks.
Marylebone is pronounced Marrabun.
Norwich is pronounced Norridge.
Salisbury is pronounced Sawlsbry.
St. Leger is pronounced Sillinger.
Talbot is pronounced Tarbut.
Taliaferro is pronounced Tolliver.
Thames is pronounced Toms.

MANY years ago there lived near Watkinsville, Ga., a man by the name of M. M. Sheats, a farmer. One day Mr. Sheats went down in the woods on his place to feed his hogs, and his attention was called to a large forest pine tree, which he noticed was occupied by a colony of bees. He said nothing of his discovery, but kept it to himself. Soon after he moved to Coweta county, where he lived 10 years, then moved back. After his return he remembered the tree, and, prompted by curiosity, he went to examine and see if the bees were still there. Sure enough, they were. So he called in some of his neighbors for help and cut the tree down, when it was found to contain a hollow 38 feet long and 8 inches in diameter, chock full of honey from one end to the other.

A CLEVELAND man discovered a bird's nest in his barn and found in it two young swallows. Upon taking one bird in his hand he was astonished to find one of its legs very thoroughly bandaged with horse hair. Having removed the hairs one by one he was still more astonished to find that the nestling's leg was broken. Upon visiting the "patient" the next day the leg was again bandaged as before. The bird surgeon was not again interfered with, and in about two weeks it was found that the hairs were being cautiously removed, only a few each day, and finally, when all were taken off, the callous was distinctly felt, and the union of the bone evidently perfect, as the bird was able to fly off with its mates.

THE wife of Mr. Hey, of Americus, Ga., wears a handsome breastpin which was made out of a putrided strawberry which grew on her husband's farm. The berry is beautifully colored, resembling a bright ruby, and is very hard. It weighs about two ounces and glistens in the light like a ball of fire.

Ferguson's Boy, Freddie.

I dined with Ferguson the other day. Ferguson has a boy named Freddie. Freddie is about nine years of age, and is considered very "bright." He is; he is positively brilliant. But if he were my boy I think I could polish him still more. At all events I should try.

Freddie came into the parlor soon after my arrival, his face shining from a recent vigorous application of soap and water, and his yellow hair plastered down to his head so that every bump was plainly visible.

"You don't remember Mr. Johnson, do you?" said his father, taking the young cub on his knee.

"Yep," was the reply.

"What's that?" said Ferguson reprovingly.

"Yep," repeated the boy, with a surprised look.

"Haven't I told you to always say yes sir?"

"Yessir."

"That's better. So you remember Mr. Johnson, eh? It's nearly three years since Freddie saw you last," added Ferguson turning to me. "It's astonishing what a memory the boy has. What do you remember about Mr. Johnson, Freddie?" he inquired.

"I remembered," replied Freddie, ingeniously, "that his hair was white at the roots and black at the ends, and Mar said she guessed he hadn't dyed it this week."

This remark produced a feeling of constraint, so to speak, and Freddie was banished from the parlor. I did not see him again until I went in to dinner.

Ferguson asked a blessing. As soon as he had finished, Freddie burst out with:

"Par, what's the reason you never do that 'cept when we have comp'ny?"

Ferguson made some facetious remark, but—I saw a light in his eye which told me that there was trouble ahead for Freddie, and I rejoiced in secret.

"Mar," said Freddie presently, "don't you wish Aunt Maria was here?"

"Why Freddie?" said his mother, with a fond smile.

"Cause you said the other day that you wished she an' Mr. Johnson could meet, 'cause he'd be such a good catch for her, an' it was about her last chance, an'—"

"Frederick!" shouted Ferguson.

"Why, Freddie Ferguson!" exclaimed his mother.

The subject was quickly changed. I felt that it would be wise to send Freddie away from the table, but Ferguson dared fate, and permitted him to remain.

"Gimme another piece of cake," said Freddie, presently.

"You have had three already," said his mother, gently.

"I know I have, an' I want another."

"But—"

"I want another piece of cake."

"What can you possibly want with more cake."

"Wanter eat it, of course. What'd yer s'pose I wanted ter do with it—put wheels on it and use it for a wagon?"

It struck me that this would be a good time to remove Freddie and inflict corporal punishment upon him; but Mrs. Ferguson thought differently. She regarded Freddie's remarks as laughable.

"It's astonishing what a fund of humor that boy has got," she said, as she gave him the biggest piece of cake on the plate. "He's always making quaint remarks like that. Par and I think he'll become a great humorist."

"Mr. Johnson," said Freddie, as he rose from the table, "can I feel of your di'mun pin?"

"What a singular request," said Mrs. Ferguson. "But please let him do it if you don't mind, Mr. Johnson. He's got some funny idea in his head, and we shall see what it is."

We did. After rubbing the diamond several times with his forefinger (incidentally coloring my immaculate shirt front with currant jelly), he said wonderingly:

"Why, it ain't sticky at all."

"No, Freddie, of course not," said Ferguson, smiling.

"Why should it be sticky? Diamonds are not sticky."

"No, I spose not," said Freddie, "but I heard Mar say that she thought it wasn't a di'mun at all, but only paste, an' I knew that paste—"

But at this point Freddie was hustled out of the room by his father, and in a few moments my heart was gladdened by the sound of dismal yells in the distance.

I saw no more of Freddie that evening. I do not intend to dine at Ferguson's again at present.

COULD TAKE A HINT.—Ponsonby—"You seem to be pretty sweet on Miss Smith, Mr. Tools."

Tools—"Oh, that is all at an end."

"Indeed!"

"Yes, I can take a hint as well as any one, if it's only made plain enough."

"Something unpleasant then. I'm sorry to hear it."

"Well, the young lady had been eating onions every evening I called for a couple of weeks before I quit, so I concluded it didn't make much difference to her whether I called or not."

A BRIGHT ST. PAUL YOUTH.—A well known St. Paul artist has a 5-year-old boy who is given to cute sayings. Yesterday, viewing a picture of Liberty Enlightening the World, he asked who it was—the big lady. "Liberty," was the reply. "Oh, yes," he responded, "I know—Liberty, America's wife." Not bad, that. The other day he was telling a rather tall yarn to a gentleman, who interrupted him with: "Do you know George Washington?" "No," said the youngster. "Well, he was a very good man, who could not tell a lie." "What was the matter?" was the quick retort; "couldn't he talk?"—*Pioneer Press.*

REMARKABLE LONGEVITY. — Mrs. Henry Roush, nee Miss Annie Sayre, of Wood County, Va., has just celebrated her one hundredth birthday. At the fifteen she was married to Henry and from this union thirteen were born, eight of whom are living, the oldest being 73 years old. She has a grand-child 62, and through him are living members of five generations. Her great-great-grand-children number about fifty, and her descendants are more than six hundred in number. She is sprightly and vigorous, and weighs about 135 pounds.

FARMING in Oregon has its drawbacks. Sometimes a high wind comes along and blows away all the plowed soil, leaving a barren waste.

Ground Down.

THE IRON WHEEL OF CAPITAL OPPRESSES THE POOR LABORER.—An old negro who had been engaged to do work on a farm went to the proprietor the day after he was employed and said:

"Boss, skuse me, sah, but der's er few pints dat I forgot to ax yer yist'day. All ober dis heah country, sah, I'se said ter be bes' han' on er farm, an' I wants ter hab er little understandin' wid yer. Dar's some things sah, dat yer mustn't 'spect me ter do."

"What are they?"

"Well, sah, yer mustn't speck me ter pull fodder."

"All right."

"Nur set out cabbage plants."

"Well as you are regarded as the most trustworthy man in the neighborhood I will relieve you from such duties."

"Thank yer, sah, but wait er minit. Nur turn de grindstone."

"Well."

"Nur draw water fur de steers."

"Go ahead."

"Yes, sah, thankee. Nur git up befo' day, nur chop stove wood, nur help kill hogs, nur plow, nur hoe cotton, nur—"

"Hold on."

"Wall, sah."

"What do you propose to do?"

"Wy, work on de farm, sah, but I mustn't clean out de well, nur feed de stock, nur cut wheat, nur—"

"Hold on. I don't want you."

"Why so, sah?"

"Because you don't want to work."

"Dar yer go, jes like all de res' o' de white folks. Say dat a nigger doan wanter work jes' bercuse he doan wanter kill hisse'f. Long ez he jis gits right down an humps hisse'f ter death du doan say er word, but soon ez he ain't willin to die, w'y den da comes roun, makin' er big mouf er about it."

"Well," said the proprietor, after a moment's reflection, "as I need a man to see that the other hands do their work well you may go ahead."

"Bleeged ter yer, yes, deed I is. I'll make yer de bes' oberseer yer seed, case I'se allus got de intrust o' de'prietor at heart. Hole on, boss; jes er nuder word, please, sah."

"Well, what is it?"

"What sorter whiskey does yer drink."

"I don't drink any."

"But what kind is yer goin'ter turn me loose er mung!"

"None."

"Ain't gwineter had er burr'l wid er tin cup on it?"

"Of course not."

"Den, sah, we kan't trade. White folks 'speck er nigger ter work his life er'way widout gittin' any 'freshments. No use'n talkin' sah; dar ain't no fruitness twixt us."

Interviewing the Chinese Executioner.

"How do you use this sword? Where is the block?" "We don't use a block. What we do is to make the prisoners kneel down in two rows facing one another, and bending their heads down. Then I take the sword and chop, chop, one on each side, and the heads fall off; so on, till they're all done, as you'd switch the tops off green weeds with your walking stick."

"But you don't always chop a head off with one blow?"

"Always."

"What is the knife for?"

"For the ling che, or death by many cuts. We tie the culprit who is condemned to this death to that cross there (pointing to two rough unbarked sticks roughly crossed,) and we begin by cutting off the eyelids, ears, nose and so on, ending by sticking the knife into the heart. The cuts vary in number from eight to a hundred and twenty, according to the heinousness of the culprit's crimes."

"What class of criminals are condemned to the ling che?"

"Parricides matricides and women who have killed and mutilated their husbands form the majority."

"Do the executions interfere with your appetite and sleep?"

The three executioners grinned sardonically at this question, so we asked:

"How many persons have you executed in a day?"

"I have chopped 20 heads off myself in two minutes. See that dark looking place on the ground over there—that's caused by the blood of the last batch we had."

"What is done with the bodies?"

"The friends take the bodies away, but we keep the heads in the crocks over by the wall there, and when we have a large number which are no longer recognizable we bury them. Would you like to see some of the heads?"

We declined, and one of my companions began to grow pale and complain of not feeling well, so we ordered the guide to lead us away.

"Gentlemen, give 20 cents each, cumshaw, to the executioners," said the guide, which we gladly did to escape from the sizing of the "boss" butcher's swivel eye; and so ended our interview with these high executioners of the great Chinese Empire.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A RED City, Mich., man didn't like something that appeared in the *Clarion* recently, and he called to "lick the editor." The editor was in the office when the man who wanted him called, and the man now wishes he had not seen him.

WORKMEN while blasting near Alderson, W. Va., according to the *Register*, of Wheeling, uncovered an opening to a cave, which has been explored for a mile or more. A stream of clear running water, stalactites, stalagmites and large chambers make it rival the famous caves now so widely noted.

MRS. OSCAR WILDE dresses after fashions of her own. At a recent afternoon reception in London she wore a snuff-brown ulster wrap reaching from her neck to her heels, a black lace veil and a black lace bonnet of no describable shape.

A PARTY of young people from West Liberty, Ia., out fishing recently, sought shelter from a shower under a large tree. The young women sat in a wagon from which the horses had been unhitched. Some of the young men, by way of a joke, seized the wagon and dragged it out into the rain. They had scarcely left the shelter of the boughs when the tree was struck by lightning. The two horses were killed and several of the young men were stunned.

A NEW style of hose has been imported, in which there is a receptable for each toe. The agricultural papers note this as a new corn cultivator.

A Queer Coin.

Made of a Bullet that Shattered a Soldier's Jaw.

"There is a counterfeit ten cent piece with a history," said a Chicago man as he fondled a greasy looking coin dangling at his watch chain. "When the Federal troops were before Fredericksburg a New York volunteer got out of his trench one morning, and after attracting the attention of a Johnny, who could be seen inside the fortifications, raised a flask of whiskey to his lips, which were puckered for a long 'pull.'

"The volunteer had taken, perhaps, three swallows of the liquor when we saw a puff of smoke and a flash from the fortifications, followed a second later by the collapse of the whiskey flask and the fall of the volunteer. The bottle which had already been struck by the minnie ball was shivered, and the man who had held it, lay bleeding at our feet. His upper jaw had been shattered by the bullet, which had also taken away seven of his front teeth and buried itself high up in his right cheek. It was one of the prettiest shots I saw during the whole war, and the volunteer, although seriously wounded, seemed to think it the finest piece of work it had been his pleasure to witness.

The bullet was cut out by a surgeon, and as soon as the patient recovered from the shock which he experienced we melted the piece of lead and cast four of these dimes. The volunteer kept one, another went to his brother, the surgeon kept one, and I was so fortunate as to become the possessor of the other. So you see this little piece of rebel lead broke a whiskey bottle and a human jaw, knocked out seven teeth and traveled over 600 yards to bathe itself in liquor and gore. Six months after this incident we learned that the bullet was fired by a cross-eyed man in a South Carolina regiment."—*Ex.*

ABOUT THE MOSQUITO.—The long cylindrical eggs of mosquitoes are laid in little pockets which float on the surface of standing water. In four weeks after hatching the insect passes through its transformations and becomes an enemy to man's comfort. The young mosquito, in the larva state, is aquatic, living like fish in ponds, lakes and stagnant water. It is fish-like in shape, with the head and adjoining parts much enlarged, and breathes by means of a bunch of hairs radiating from a long tubercle at the end of the body and connecting with the internal respiratory tube. It remains most of the time after coming from the egg at the bottom, feeding upon decaying matter, and is thus very beneficial as a scavenger. Later it becomes very active, jerking up and down in the water, aided by a pair of broad caudal leaves. When observed constantly about the surface of the water it is a sure sign it is about to assume the full shape and powers of a mosquito. The aquatic animal is seen to crawl on some substance floating on the water—a leaf or bit of twig—give a twist or two, split its covering, and in a short time put out wings and float away. The males, which may be distinguished by their bushy horns or feelers in front of their heads, do not bite. It is the female who gives all the trouble—singing and biting. No poison-gland has yet been found in the mosquito's head, and it is generally thought that the inflammation and swelling following the bite of mosquitoes are due to the irritation set up by their slightly barbed jaws, and perhaps the saliva is slightly acrid. Under the microscope the soft, plastic foot of the mosquito is seen to be freckled. It may com

Gettysburg Compiler.

Tuesday Evening, June 28, 1887

Democratic County Ticket.

Sheriff,
HARRY J. LILLY, of Mountpleasant.

Clerk of Courts,
JOHN H. STABLE, of Franklin twp.

Register and Recorder,
JACOB H. WIERMAN, of Menallen.

County Treasurer,
RUFUS E. CULP, of Gettysburg bor.

County Commissioners,
ELIAS KELLENBERGER, Oxford tp
NOAH F. HERSH, of York Springs.

Director of the Poor,
AARON J. ROHRBAUGH, Freedom.

Auditors,
GEORGE C. SHEELY, of New Oxford
D. P. DELAP, of Bendersville borough

THE New Jersey Editorial Association will arrive here this (Monday) evening, and establish headquarters at the Springs Hotel. The party may number one hundred and seventy-five. They are earnest sight-seers, and will find plenty to employ their time until Wednesday morning, when they propose to resume the route to Luray Caverns and the Natural Bridge of Virginia. May they have a trip long to be remembered for its many pleasant and interesting features, not the least of which they can expect the Gettysburg battlefield to prove.

THE EXCURSION of the Pennsylvania Editorial Association to Luray and the Natural Bridge last week more than realized expectations. The start was made from Harrisburg on Tuesday morning, and before dark the party were all in comfortable quarters at the Bridge hotel (or hotels.) Rain fell most of Wednesday, but Thursday proved bright and charming, and everybody spent the day in driving or strolling over the 2,500 acres of attractive grounds.

Like the Luray Caverns, the Natural Bridge must be seen to be appreciated. The average pictures come short of presenting its size or grandeur. It must be seen from the top, to get its depth, and from the bottom to get its height, both startling.

On Thursday evening the annual banquet came off in the spacious dining room of the hotel, and everybody voted it a phenomenal success. President Thomas V. Cooper occupied the head of the table, and presided happily, of course. Secretary Thomas, very handy wherever placed, gave his best attention. To all the officers, including R. H. Thomas, Jr., the excursionists are under lasting obligations for one of the most agreeable trips the association has ever made.

Due credit should be given J. R. Wood, Esq., General Passenger Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and G. W. Boyd, Esq., Assistant General Passenger Agent of the same road, for the greatly reduced rates of fare extended; to Col. T. B. Kennedy, President, and Gen. J. F. Boyd, Superintendent of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, for the special train of handsomely furnished cars provided for the use of the excursionists, and to Chauncey Ives, Esq., Chief Engineer, and H. A. Riddle, General Passenger Agent of the Cumberland Valley Railroad, for the many acts of courtesy extended to them, which so largely increased the pleasures of the occasion; to C. M. Futterer, Esq., Passenger Agent Shenandoah Valley Railroad, for marked courtesies and attentions. Special mention should likewise be made of Mr. B. W. Klipstein, manager Natural Bridge Hotels, Mr. G. K. Mullin, manager of the Luray Inn, and Mr. Robt. S. Carson, President Luray Hotel and Cavern Company, for their untiring efforts to render our stay pleasant and enjoyable.

MR. BLAINE is doing England. So far all is serene.

As Mayor Hewitt says, the quickest way to abolish poverty is to go to work. Henry George's sophisms are bringing a good deal of hard sense to the surface.

GOV. BEAVER has vetoed pension bills passed in favor of Caroline Hall, Elizabeth Betz and Mary Baker, which is hard on soldiers' widows. President Cleveland finds company in a "soldier" Governor.

THE Democrats of Pennsylvania will wage next fall's battle on the corporation legislation of the Republican Senate and House, and if the people are true to themselves will win. The extent to which the corporations have pushed things at Harrisburg cannot much longer fail to arouse the masses.

NEW REVENUE COMMISSION.—Gov. Beaver, on Wednesday appointed Jerome B. Niles, H. W. Palmer and Christian Heydrick to complete the Revenue Commission, the other members being Thos. V. Cooper, J. C. Newmeyer, S. R. Keefer, S. P. Wolverton and H. J. McAteer, of the Senate; James S. Graham, Henry M. Foote, J. B. Findley, William R. Leeds, Horatio P. Connell, John E. Faunce and S. M. Wherry, of the House; State Treasurer Quay and Auditor General Norris. This commission was authorized by the last Legislature for the purpose of revising and unifying the various methods of levying and collecting various taxes, following the adoption of the new revenue law, but the defeat of this will compel the commission to hurriedly prepare a revenue bill to take its place, as an extra session is now among the possibilities.

THE Perry county *Democrat* begins its 59th volume. That true and able old organ of the Democracy always has our best wishes—an endless life and boundless prosperity. Democrats are safe in standing by it.

A FALSE report that Jay Gould had died caused a flurry in the New York stock market last week, and a few of the weaker dealers went by the board.

CHICAGO wheat speculators are inclined to be more conservative hereafter. New York coffee men ditto. Honest old methods are the safest in the long run.

FAIR men of all parties concede that the Democratic county ticket is an excellent one.

FOUR election officers of the Republican primary in Indiantown district, Lancaster county, are to be prosecuted for fraud in the discharge of their duties, by the Anti-Corruption Society. A low grade of rascality will now be brought to the surface.

THE President has appointed Kert Craig, Esq., a leading lawyer of Salisbury, internal revenue collector of the consolidated fifth district of North Carolina.

A GERMAN named Casper Strombaugh is under arrest, having confessed that he murdered the unknown woman at Rahway, N. J.

The students of Packard Institute, New York, after hearing Henry George explain his land theories, voted only 2 in the affirmative to about 200 in the negative.

Queen Victoria's Jubilee.

On Tuesday, the city of London contained more kings, queens and princes than at any previous time have been gathered in a European city. Nearly 300 persons of royal birth took part in the stately ceremonial at Westminster Abbey to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the throne of the United Kingdom. The British Capital has had several weeks of excitement and loyal enthusiasm, and in every way that could be imagined or suggested by precedent the occasion was made memorable to the people, as well as to the nobles, knights and squires of high degree who participated either actively or as onlookers in the pageantries of Tuesday, at Westminster. The procession of royalty from Buckingham palace to Westminster Abbey was on the grandest possible scale, and all accounts agree in saying that nothing occurred to mar the Queen's drive to attend a thanksgiving service and receive the congratulations of her relatives, and of the multitudes assembled along her way and at the Abbey to testify their pleasure at the long continuance of her reign. The weather was perfect, the pageant was impressive, the streets traversed were magnificently decorated, and the programme for the day was carried through without mishap. Seldom has any ruler received the plaudits of so many potentates present in person to testify their esteem. Many of the minor kingdoms of Europe were represented at the Abbey by their sovereigns, while Germany and Austria were represented by their respective crown princes, and Russia by a member of the imperial family.

The brother of the King of Siam was also in attendance. A contingent of native Indian cavalry attended in the procession. The Irish members of Parliament were conspicuous by their absence from the places alloted to them in the Abbey. Their protest against the crimes bill thus expressed was the only incident of the day not of happy augury.

On Wednesday the young people's fete in Hyde Park in honor of the Queen's jubilee was attended by thirty thousand children.

SPEAKING of the Revenue Bill and an extra session, the Harrisburg *Call* (Republican) says:

"The impression over the State is strong that this bill failed because the corporations were stronger than the Legislature, professions of innocence to the contrary notwithstanding. There is one honorable, and we believe politically wise course to disprove this, and at the same time reach those millions of untaxed holdings. That is by an extra session. If this is not done, the story of the defeat of the revenue bill will go down to history as one of the blackest episodes of the corporation trickery, and it will be charged to the party in power at the time of its committal. That is the long and short of this disgrace; twist it as we may."

CLAIMING HIS RIGHTS.—Ex-Secretary of War Lincoln, it is said, is making sixty thousand dollars a year from his law business, and has no political ambition. A Chicago reporter who went to interview him met with startling success. Mr. Lincoln said: "You will do me a kindness by printing, as coming from me, the statement that Robt. T. Lincoln does not want to be written up in the newspapers. He requests every editor to let him alone, and would be glad if his name never again appeared in the columns of a newspaper. A private citizen should have some rights in this country, and one of these is the right to be let alone by the press. I am practicing law, and doing nothing else, and thinking of nothing else. No thought of public office enters my mind." The impudence of some newspapers is becoming unbearable, and demands that the whole business go back to decent bounds again.

COL. DUDLEY, ex-Commissioner of Pensions, of Indiana, is now heavily interested in the cable railway system and finds present employment in talking up that project to the people of St. Paul.

MAYOR FITLER, of Philadelphia, will not permit the sale or use of fire-crackers on the Fourth.

EMINENT German physicians decline the Crown Prince's ailment to be cancer of the throat; but an English specialist says it is not cancer, and has undertaken to effect a cure.

HERR MOST's party held a family pic-nic at Weehawken on Sunday week and they had an exceedingly lively time. One man was shot, a number of others were clubbed nearly to death, and the whole outfit developed into a riotous mob. Herr Most's party is a queer combination of anarchists, thugs and blackguards and the sooner it is suppressed the better for all concerned.—*Evening Star.*

THE approval of $112,000 for the State Agricultural College, of which Governor Beaver is President, and of $15,000 for the improvement of the Executive Mansion in which Governor Beaver resides, when deserving charities are vetoed right and left, will leave a very bad taste in the mouths of the people.—*Phila. Times.*

AN ODD FACT.—It is an interesting fact that every member of the recent general assembly of the Presbyterian church South who served in the war was strongly in favor of union with the Northern church.

JUST how rapidly the Republican party is making headway in reforming itself is seen in the election of Bill Chandler of New Hampshire to the United States Senate. It was under his direction of the Navy Department that much of the $400,000,000 was expended for our invisible navy.—*Greensburg Dem.*

GOV. BEAVER seems to have taken these laboring men, who signed public addresses during the last campaign declaring that they were satisfied with store orders, at their word. He has vetoed the bill which proposes to place a tax on "pluck-me" store orders.—*Greensburg Dem.*

JEFFERSON DAVIS agrees with the Republican editors that the battle flags ought not to be returned. It is singular that Jefferson Davis and the Republican editors are nearly always of the same mind.—*Patriot.*

A LADY of Portsmouth, Va., was gored to death by the same bull which killed her husband one year ago.

IT is now generally accepted that the President has concluded there will be no necessity for an extra session of Congress.

THE trustees of Wells Female college at Aurora, New York, Wednesday voted that women should be represented in the board. Miss Helen F. Smith, the principal, and Mrs. Grover Cleveland were unanimously chosen trustees.

THE new adjustment in postmasters' salaries makes the following changes in Maryland: Baltimore, from $4,000 to $5,000; Annapolis, from $2,300 to $1,900; Hagerstown, from $2,200 to $2,300.

MR. JOHN WANAMAKER the great Philadelphia merchant, has declined a public dinner tendered him by the publishers of the Philadelphia papers on the occasion of the approaching fiftieth anniversary of his birth.

The Empire of the Corporations.

The land office at Washington reports to the Pacific Railroad Commission, of which Governor Pattison is chairman, the amounts of land granted to, selected by, and patented to the several companies whose affairs are under investigation. The three leading companies, the Union Pacific, Central, and Kansas Pacific, received grants aggregating 25,300,000 acres. Only 6,600,000 have been selected, leaving 18,700,000 acres yet remaining to be selected. The Northern Pacific grant is not covered by the Pattison investigation, but in a recent report it is given at the enormous aggregate of 47,000,000 acres, of which only 800,000 have been selected. And yet this insatiate corporation made a grab for Gulford Miller's quarter section homestead, and would have got it but for the intervention of President Cleveland.

The public lands which the government has granted these four corporations and which have not yet been selected—that is patented to the companies—aggregate 64,700,000 acres, or an area about equal to that of the States of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, which are set down as having an area of 65,300,000 acres. Think of that. In the three states named a population of over twelve millions is sustained on territory very little exceeding in its aggregate area the unsettled land grants to these railroads. There are farms for the million yet in the West, but instead of being a free gift from the government to the actual settler, will have to be purchased from the railroad companies.

The motive for the delay of the land grant companies in patenting their lands is very easy of explanation. As long as they remain government lands they are not subject to State, Territorial or local taxation; but once they are selected and patented the title passes from the government to the railroads, and they become liable to taxation. It is a heavy burthen many of the Western States and Territories have to carry—the virtual corporation ownership of a vast amount of lands which cannot be taxed, although they are being all the time enhanced in value by public and private improvements. Legislation has been asked time and again from Congress requiring land grant companies to take out patents for their lands within a certain period, but so far the corporations have been able to defeat it. But we are on the way to a reform! and policy, which will measurably correct this evil.—*Pittsburg Post.*

REPUBLICAN FRAUDS.—Election officers in two districts of Lancaster county, at the late Republican primaries there, are under arrest for fraud in the count. In a city district the officers made a return of 57 votes for a candidate, while 112 citizens have made affidavit that they cast their ballots for such person. Sixty votes were reported for another candidate, while 128 voters have sworn that their tickets contained the defrauded party's name. Very similar crookedness has been discovered in a rural district. In one instance the fraud changed the result as to the nominee. So strong was public feeling in this case that the Return Judges reconvened, withdrew the name of the previously declared nominee, and substituted that of the cheated candidate. It is intimated that frauds were committed in a number of other districts, and will likely be investigated. As the Greensburg *Democrat* says, after the scheming which Republicans have had in election frauds, extending from petty local officers to the theft of the Presidency, it is not surprising that they defraud one another in nominations. It was not the Republican leaders that had the crooked Lancaster county election officers arrested. The prosecution is by the Anti-Corruption society, of that county, the mere existence of which organization carries its own comment.

THE SON TOO.—It is announced from Harrisburg, that Richard Quay, a son of "Boss" Quay, has been appointed assistant corporation clerk in the Auditor General's office at Harrisburg. Meanwhile the old soldiers can stand back until election time, when the Republican "Bosses" will relate how dearly they love them. This is pretty well for one family. The father is State Treasurer and United States Senator, drawing double pay, and now the son is jumped into the Treasury too. The Republican State Bosses are not as much for the Soldier as they "used to was."—*Clearfield Republican.*

JOHN SHERMAN is traveling about instructing Republican legislatures in their political duties and electioneering for the Republican nomination for the presidency. He ought to have added out some of his wisdom to the late Republican legislature of Pennsylvania. But he couldn't have instructed that body in the "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain" by which a bill was passed taxing the corporations, with the signature of the presiding officer of the senate conveniently omitted.—*Patriot.*

THE body of a man found in the river at Dewitt, Mo., recently had on it a book in which was written the name of Jno. F. Lindsay, Carlisle, Pa. He was a son of John F. Lindsay, West Pennsboro township, Cumberland county. The face bore the marks of having been bruised and the right leg was broken above the knee, which lead to the suspicion of foul play. His brother, Prof. W. A. Lindsay, of Carlisle, has conferred with the coroner of the county in which the body was found, with a view to ferreting out the matter.

CURIOUS FIND.—A Rockland, Me., smoker bought a cigar the other day in one of the stores of that city, and on smoking it found a small gold ring on the inside. The cigar was of Pennsylvania make, and it was evidently not a prize, as the box had no lottery attachment. The only way to account for the find is that some lady cigarmaker accidentally manufactured her ring into the cigar, it being evidently a lady's ring. The ring may belong to an Adams county cigarmaker, as a large number of girls and women are engaged in that business in this county.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF THE RED SKINS.—Blue City, Utah, June 24.—A party of five Navajo Indians visited the trading post of A. M. Barton and killed him. One of the Indians lassoed him and threw him to the floor; two others seized his legs and arms, while a fourth shot him several times in the head. They then helped themselves to the contents of the store and departed without molesting the wife or family of the murdered man, who had taken refuge in a room adjoining the store.

WILLIAM K. VANDERBILT will start on a voyage around the world in his yacht, leaving New York, with his family and guests, on the morning of the 2d of July. The route will be across the Atlantic, up the Mediterranean and thence on through the Suez Canal.

MAJOR JOHN M. POMEROY, for some years editor of the *Repository*, at Chambersburg, died suddenly on Monday, the 20th inst. On his way from the office to his home on West Market street, he suddenly expired on the street, his death being due to heart trouble. He was buried on Thursday; aged 64 years.

Russism and Corporation Rule.

Distrust of the Republican party is constantly increasing, especially among ordinary business men and working men. Time was when it was the Democrats who were distrusted. Now the boot is on the other foot. The Democrats have been tried and the results are eminently satisfactory.

The Republicans have been tried also, and the comparisons that force themselves upon people's minds are not truthful of gain to the Republican cause. But, we have said that distrust of the Republican party is increasing, especially among ordinary business men and workingmen, and we repeat the statement.

The cause of it is the persistency with which the Republican legislatures slavishly do the bidding of corporations, no matter how constitutions must be violated and public and private rights trampled upon, and the uniformity with which the Republican papers defend that course of conduct.

In this state, the defeat of the Billingsley oil bill, which simply aimed to make the Standard oil monopoly a common carrier—which, in other words, merely proposed that it should be made to do the work for which it was chartered, was notoriously due to the influence exerted by the gourmandizing heads of that combination in the Republican ranks. The adjournment without the passage of an anti-discrimination bill is further evidence in the same direction, and the vigor with which both these flagrant sins have been excused and applauded in their organs forbids any hope that there will ever come a time when the Republican party will be other than the slaves of the will of the monopolists. Bossism and corporation rule go hand in hand in the Republican party. Each makes the other strong. The impudence and trickery of the one and the money of the other constitute a powerful partnership which the rank and file have thus far found it impossible to overthrow. Hence the increasing distrust of the party. Government by the people and for the people is the want of to-day, not government by the bosses and for corporations.—*Union-Leader.*

THE following touching story of Lincoln is related to the Chicago *Mail* by Colonel Dayton: "Shortly after the battle of Gettysburg General Sickles, badly wounded, was brought to Washington by some members of his staff, and was taken to the private house of a Mr. Dale, on F street, opposite, or nearly opposite, the Ebbitt House. The brave hero of many a hard-won field was very near his last muster. The morning after his arrival President Lincoln, with his boy Tad, was announced. He walked with solemn step into the room where the General lay hardly gasping. We all thought he was dying. Dr. Simms was holding his pulse, and, as Mr. Lincoln approached the bedside with Tad, he was much affected. He raised his head to heaven, while big drops of tears fell from his eyes, and uttered up the most fervent prayer I ever heard. Not a dry eye was in that room; all, even Tad, were sobbing. I cannot remember the exact words of the prayer, but this portion will never be effaced from my memory: 'Oh, God, let me not lose all my friends in this war.' Mr. Lincoln was very fond of General Sickles, and visited him almost every day, and sent flowers of the choicest kind to his room daily from the White House conservatory."

DAVID STANEY, an eccentric and wealthy farmer, residing in Antrim township, Franklin county, committed suicide at an early hour on Monday morning by cutting his throat with a penknife. He was about 75 years of age and a member of the River Brethren Church.

GOVERNOR BEAVER has signed the bill which gives $75,000 for the celebration in Philadelphia of the centennial anniversary of the National Constitution. This will enable some *patriotic* gentlemen to "have a good time" on champaign and terrapin, but it will do no practical good whatever. It is to gratify the wish of a few for a jollification at the expense of the many.—*Shippensburg News, Rep.*

THE recent controversy over the war flags has caused many inquiries as to the disposition of naval flags captured during the rebellion. It is learned at the navy department that most of the flags captured were turned over to the naval academy at Annapolis, and are on exhibition in the museum with flags of other wars. It is also said that some of the captured Confederate flags were destroyed by accidental fire in the old navy department building several years ago. Confederate flags were few in number.

THE school officials of Boston have posted notices in all the school buildings of that city, forbidding the chewing of tobacco by the pupils. They have even posted the notice in the Girls' High School Building, very much to the indignation of the young women.

MISS CALDWELL, of Washington, who gave $300,000 to the Catholic University, is to receive from the Pope the decoration of the Golden Rose. The wife of General Sherman is said to be the only American woman entitled to the honor at this time.

A WOMAN named Sowers, living on the Tittle farm, in Derry Township, Dauphin county, claims to be bewitched through the influence of a neighbor. Between four and eight o'clock every morning she imagines a large black cat is before her, which goes through all manner of ugly contortions, meanwhile keeping its eyes riveted upon her. Many people have visited the farm and seen the peculiar phantasy which has possession of the woman.

GOV. BEAVER has approved 275 bills passed by the Legislature and vetoed in whole or part 87.

NO NOTE can be issued from the Bank of England a second time. If it is paid out to-day and paid in to-morrow, it must be immediately destroyed.

IT was found by an analysis of sugar, tea and coffee, purchased from three hundred grocery stores that in one hundred samples of coffee twenty-eight were adulterated with peas and chicory; in one hundred samples of tea twelve were adulterated with foreign leaves, and in one hundred samples of sugar only two were found to be adulterated.—The New York *World* had the analysis made.

MR. GEORGE W. CHILDS, president of the board of West Point visitors, has directed Architect John McArthur to visit the national cemetery grounds attached to the military academy and design a monument for the grave of each Union general there which is now unmarked. Mr. Childs contemplates erecting an appropriate monument over each of such graves at his own individual expense.

DON'T do right unwillingly
And stop to plan and measure;
The working with the heart and soul
That makes our duty pleasure.
—*Poetic Cheney.*

THE largest landed proprietor in the world lives in Connecticut. He owns 2,000,000 acres of land, and his name is Wilson Waddingham.

The Soldiers and the People.

The New York *Herald* suggests a case in point: A regiment of southern soldiers was yesterday the guest of a Massachusetts regiment. Side by side they assisted in the Bunker Hill celebration. That is a sign of the times. The men who were opposed to each other in the war have shaken hands and so sworn anew their allegiance to the "red, white and blue."

Now, then, suppose the Bay State regiment should accompany the southern soldiers on their way home as far as Washington. And suppose, further, if it were legally in their power to do so, that the occasion should be crowned by giving to the confederate veterans a flag which the Yankees had captured from them on the hard-fought field of battle, in token of the good will that prevails throughout the country.

Well, such an act would be regarded as the most impressive and significant that had happened since 1865. It would be the fulfillment of General Grant's prophecy.

It would symbolize the magnanimity of the victor and the loyalty of the South in a way to be rehearsed by the orator and sung by the poet of the future.

Everybody would regard it as a national omen of lasting peace—the last solemn burial service over the dead past.

This is just what President Cleveland suggested. No more, no less. The survivors of the great volunteer army—the first to fight, the first to forgive—are as a body ready for that grand consummation.

Only a few political aspirants would object. Their occupation would be gone. They could no longer hurl their three kinds of palsies or make capital out of the bloody shirt.

But this country is not run in their interest. It is run in the interest of the people.

A WHEAT SPECULATOR.—A dispatch from Reading, Pa., of last week says: Isaac Laucks, ex-Recorder of Berks county, who disappeared on Wednesday afternoon after having lost heavily in wheat speculations, had not been found up to 6 o'clock this afternoon, although an active search has been in progress all morning. As he threatened to commit suicide it is supposed that he has carried out his purpose. It has been ascertained that his loss will probably exceed $9,000, representing all his available cash. He has valuable real estate which is unencumbered. A number of other small fry speculators in this city lost sums ranging from $1,000 to $3,000 by the crash in wheat.

A HORSE FRIGHTENED TO DEATH.—Mr. Bardell, a citizen of Murphy Mills, W. Va., was riding a fine blooded horse up the street Wednesday evening when he came suddenly upon a band of Arabs and performing bears. The horse, a very sensitive animal, stood trembling a few seconds, then suddenly reared up and fell over backwards upon its rider, stone dead. It had burst a blood vessel from sheer fright. Mr. Bardell was not seriously injured.

MR. JACOB MIDDLEKAUFF, a well-known resident of Hagerstown, died on Wednesday, aged 92 years.

THE largest tree in California is in Tulare county, and is 450 feet high, and the trunk is 438 feet in circumference. It is called "The Father of the Forest."

THE town of Trenton, Missouri, and its neighborhood have been infested for a week past by swarms of insects apparently identical with the Spanish fly of the dispensatory. They devour vegetation and blister human beings. Fully a thousand people in Trenton are at present nursing blisters caused by this insect, and lights in residences at night have been almost abandoned for fear of attracting the poisonous insect.

REV. JOHN COX, an assistant priest at the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of the Visitation, Philadelphia, was drowned by the upsetting of a sailboat in the Delaware, off Chester Island, on Tuesday afternoon.

FATAL MINE EXPLOSION.—Wilkesbarre, June 23.—An explosion of gas occurred in No. 4 slope of the Susquehanna Coal Company at Nanticoke this morning, by which four men lost their lives and three were injured. The cause of the accident is not definitely kown, it being alleged that one of the men carelessly went into an abandoned chamber, but those working in the mine say the gas was lighted by a powder explosion as two kegs are missing from the store house.

EFFORTS, it is said, are being made by the railroads to render the Interstate commerce act obnoxious and thus secure its repeal.

A MANIAC SHOOTS HIS BEST FRIEND.—Fort Worth, Tex., June 23.—W. T. Griggsby, proprietor of the Unique sample rooms, has one suddenly insane last night from brooding over financial troubles. He stood leaning on his safe before a crowd of friends, toying with a 45-calibre revolver, making preparations for suicide, and keeping the crowd at bay with the weapon, threatening to kill any that approached. D. B. Kennedy, his best friend, came into the saloon at the time, and, running toward Griggsby, said: "He shan't be allowed to kill himself, poor fellow, I will save him." Not heeding the command to halt, Kennedy pressed on, and was shot through the heart. The maniac realized what he had done, sank to the floor helpless, moaning: "The gallos, the gallos; I am going to the gallos." He is now a raving maniac.

A NEW series of Southern articles begins in the July *Harper's* with the heading, "Here and There in the South." The writer Rebecca Harding Davis, weaves into a bright story form the narrative of a recent trip from Washington through the Gulf States into the Acadian country. Special attention is given to the prominent aspects of industry, thought, and life which characterize the "New South." The entire series is to be beautifully illustrated by William Hamilton Gibson, the engravings greatly enhancing the value of the text.

Two pensions, with arrears, recently issued by the Pension Bureau, are said to be the largest ever paid. One was to Francis Patterson, formerly of Company G, One Hundred and Fifty-Fourth New York Infantry, who is totally blind. He is to receive $18,437.09, and $72 a month as long as he lives. The other is to Walter S. Stephens, formerly of Company A, Eighty-First Ohio Infantry. He is insane. He will receive $12,316, and $72 a month.

GENERAL MEADE'S monument in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, will be dedicated on October 18.

COL. H. C. DEMMING has resigned as a member of Governor Beaver's staff.

BRACE UP.—You are feeling depressed; your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fretty, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whisky, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at Huber's Drug Store. 8

GEN. JAMES M. ALLEN, of Carlisle, has been appointed a Notary Public by Gov. Beaver.

AFTER surveying the land and measuring the wheat Mr. Jas. T. Shellcross, of Mc Donogh, Del., finds the yield 35½ bushels per acre where he used Diamond State Fertilizer.

FRANK KUHN, East Berlin, had 10 geese poisoned by some evil disposed person recently.

ENGLISH Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft, or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints, Sweeny, Ringbone, Stifles, Sprains, Swellings, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted. Sold by Dr. Brenneman, Druggist, Gettysburg.

THE Prohibition State Convention will meet at Harrisburg August 24.

SOMETHING from General Master Workman, T. V. POWDERLY.—To whom it may concern: I have known Dr. D. B. Hand personally and professionally for seventeen years. He is one of the leading and most successful physicians in north-east Pennsylvania. I take pleasure in saying that his "Remedies for Children" are exactly what they are represented to be. Throughout north-eastern Pennsylvania they are household necessities, and where they are once used they will be appreciated and kept for future use. Very truly, T. V. POWDERLY.

Dr. Hand's Remedies for Children are *Colic Cure*, quiets the nerves and gives peaceful sleep; Dr. Hand's *Teething Lotion*, gives instant relief; Dr. Hand's *Cough and Croup Medicine*, prompt and satisfactory every time; Dr. Hand's *Pleasant Physic*, which leaves the bowels in an open, toned condition. These, with my other four remedies, *Diarrhœa Mixture, General Tonic, Chafing Powder*, and *Worm Elixir*, are household necessities.

A valuable book on the care and diseases of children wrapped around each bottle. Price, 25 cents each. For sale by John M. Huber, druggist, Baltimore st., Gettysburg, Pa. u22.1y

A LITTLE boy, aged 4 years, son of John Deluff, Leganville, fell into a tub of hot soap the other day and was so scalded that he died shortly afterward.

FITS.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvellous Cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. d21.1

MASTER Workman Powderly declares he will not accept a re-election.

TROUBLE AHEAD.—When the appetite fails, and sleep grows restless and unrefreshing, there is trouble ahead. The digestive organs, when healthy, crave food, the nervous system, when vigorous and tranquil, gives its possessor no uneasiness at night. A tonic, to be effective, should not be a mere appetizer, nor are the nerves to be strengthened and soothed by the troubled action of a sedative or narcotic. What is required is a medicine which invigorates the stomach and promotes assimilation of food by the system, by which means the nervous system, as well as other parts of the physical organism, are strengthened. These are the effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine whose reputation is founded firmly in public confidence, and which physicians commend for its tonic, anti-bilious and other properties. It is used with the best results in fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney and uterine weakness, and other maladies.

THE first mention of ice cream in our history is in the account of Washington's first inauguration as President in New York in 1789.

IN General Debility, Emaciation Consumption and Wasting in Children, Scott's Emulsion is a most valuable food and medicine, it creates an appetite, strengthens the nervous system and builds up the body. "I have been highly pleased with it in Consumption, Scrofula and wasting Diseases, Bronchitis and Throat Troubles."—A. Jones, M. D., Cornersville, Tenn.

MRS. JAMES G. BLAINE is ill in London, having first been taken sick on Sunday.

MOST EXCELLENT.—J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, join in the same at every opportunity." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and every affection of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Trial Bottles free at J. M. Huber's Drug Store. Large Size $1.00 (3)

AN attempt was made to pull the "Lion and the Unicorn" from the old State House at Boston, Tuesday morning, by two men. The action is supposed to have arisen from the feeling about the celebration of the Queen's jubilee in Faneuil Hall.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria. apr.12.1y

As a rule, man's a fool,
When it's hot, he wants it cool,
When it's cool, he wants it hot,
Always wanting what it is not.

HEALTH OFFICERS OF NEW YORK.—Members of the Board of Health, of New York and Brooklyn and other prominent physicians who have visited Speer's vineyards, use Speer's, N. J., wine for their patients and in their own families, much on account of the iron (blood making property) contained in it from the soil on which Speer's vineyards are situated.—*Tribune.* Mr. Speer furnishes this wine and his Unfermented Grape Juice to Druggists.

PATENTS have been granted to Geo. M. Miller and Jacob W. Spangler, of York, the former for a washing machine and the latter for a feed mechanism for fertilizer distributors.

ENJOY LIFE.—What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like carrying it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, that *Green's August Flower*, will make them free from disease, as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of *August Flower* will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottle, 10 cents. Try it.

THE United Brethren of the Cumberland Valley will hold their annual reunion at Mt. Alto on Sept. 8.

IRON, Pimple Mange, and Scratches of every kind cured in 30 Minutes by Woodworth's Sulphur Lotion. Use no other. This never fails. Sold by Dr. J. P. Brenneman, Druggist, Gettysburg.

THE statement is made that Jefferson Davis, Simon Cameron, A. P. Kennedy and Hannibal Hamlin are the only men living who were members of the United States Senate when the war began.

SAMUEL AUSTIN, Jr., of Fieldsborough, Del., states: "My crop of wheat this year was the largest I ever raised, and was produced by the use of Diamond State Fertilizer."

MARY, a little daughter of Capt. John Foster Morrison, engineer of the Carlisle water works, aged ten years, killed a large snake Thursday afternoon that measured nine feet.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.—The Best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. M. Huber. jy13

THE Pennsylvania Railroad Company is running locomotives with crude petroleum. The result is reported as very satisfactory. The apparatus for utilizing this kind of fuel is said to be the invention of a Russian scientist.

TRUSSES.—Hard Rubber, Celluloid and leather covered steel, in French, German, Half, Hood, Jones and other patterns with hard or soft pads. Every truss warranted to fitand give perfect satisfaction; at A. D. Buehler & Co's. Drug and Book Store, Gettysburg, Pa. jn6.tf

For a good Smoke or Chew call at My6.tf GEO. E. STOCK'S.

BEFORE buying your Suit be sure to *call at King's* and be convinced it is *your interest* to buy of him. Bisstock for men's and boys' wear equals any in town, and he guarantees satisfaction in *prices* and *fit* EVERY TIME. Call and see. York street, Gettysburg. mh30,'81.tf

ANYTHING you want in the farm implement line, from a Wagon Jack to an Engine, cheap as the cheapest, at m11,tf H. W. LIGHTNER'S.

NOTICE.—I am prepared to Cull Sales at reasonable rates.
d21.tf IRA TAYLOR, Arendsville.

DON'T FORGET, parties who contemplate making Sale this Spring, that P. J. GROUP, Johnville, Adams county, Pa., will attend to Culling Sales at reasonable rates, both real and personal. J11.tf

BEST forms of leases (for renting properties) always kept on hand at the COMPILER office. Also all other blanks for general use. tf

THE purest imported Brandies and Wines and reliable Liquors for medical purposes and family use, can be had at the Eagle Hotel. N7. tf

Two elegant large Mares for Sale. Also a new covered Spring Wagon. Enquire at the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg. n16,tf.

VITIATED BLOOD
Scrofulous, Inherited and Contagious Humors Cured by Cuticura.

THROUGH the medium of one of your books I received through Mr. Frank J. Wray, Druggist, Apollo, Pa., I became acquainted with your CUTICURA REMEDIES, and take this opportunity to testify to you that they are the permanently cured me of one of the most virulent cases of blood poisoning, in connection with ulcers, I ever saw, and this after I had been pronounced incurable by some of the best physicians in our county. I also great pleasure in forwarding to you this testimonial, unsolicited as it is by you, in order that others suffering from similar maladies may be benefitted by the CUTICURA REMEDIES. JOHN S. GRIM, E. S. WHITLINGER, Leesburg, Pa.
Reference: FRANK T. WRAY, Druggist, Apollo.

SCROFULOUS ULCERS.
James E. Richardson, Custom House, New Orleans, on oath says: "In 1876 Scrofulous Ulcers broke out on my body until I was a living mass of corruption. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. I became a mere wreck. At times could not lift my hands to my head; could not turn in bed; was in constant pain, and looked upon life as a curse. No relief or cure in ten years. In 1880 I heard of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, used them, and was perfectly cured."
Sworn to before U. S. Com. J. D. CRAWFORD.

ONE OF THE WORST CASES.
We have been selling your CUTICURA REMEDIES for years and have the first complaint yet to receive from a purchaser. One of the worst cases of Scrofula I ever saw was cured by the use of five bottles of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP. The Soap alone is worth the price of the Cuticura.
TAYLOR & TAYLOR, Druggists, Frankfort, Ind.

SCROFULOUS, INHERITED,
And Contagious Humors, with Loss of Hair and Eruptions of the Skin, are positively cured by CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally, when all other medicines fail. Send for Pamphlet.

DRUGGISTS USE THEM.
We have obtained said to be very results from the use of the Cuticura Remedies in our own family, and to commend them beyond any other remedies for diseases of the skin and blood. The demand for them grows as their merits become known. MACMILLAN & CO., Druggists, Latrobe, Pa.

CUTICURA REMEDIES
Are sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, 50 cts.; CUTICURA SOAP, an Exquisite Beautifier, 25 cts.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the New Blood Purifier, $1.00. PREPARED BY POTTER DR

ER
WELER,
st Office,
TTYSBURG, PA.,
full stock of LADIES'
SILVER WATCHES,
Watch Charms, Lockets,
designs. Large lot of
Gongs, Eight-day and
ne Triple-plated Cutlery.
Casters, Pickle Stands,
, Napkin Rings, &c., &c.
les and Eye Glasses.

and Jewelry.
UARANTEED!
OCHER, Jeweler.

THING
ning Goods
EKLY AT
YERS'
TEST STYLES
REN'S CLOTHING
, $6.50, $7.00, $8.00, $9.00,
ack—$10.00 to $18.00.
r or Sack—$8.50 to $18.00.
Better quality—$9.00 up.
from $3.50 up. Coats, Pants
ts—$1.25 to $7.50.
her Coats and Vests.
$1.25, $1.65, $2.00, $2.75 up
h as named. A full line of
hirts and Drawers.
rshirts—from $1.00 to $2.50.
or Spring.
Hats and Caps of the latest
f Gloves and a full line of
A line of Gent's Half Hose, in
n a first-class Gent's Furnish-
MYERS.
Baltimore street, Gettysburg.
Credit. Come and see what

The Farmers'
WAREHOUSE
OPEN AGAIN
For the Season of 1887
WITH A FULL LINE OF
D. M. OSBORNE & CO.'S
Harvesting Machinery.
(with and on the best, cheapest and lightest running)
STEEL-FRAME BINDER
in the world.
THE OSBORNE JUNIOR,
the only Binder made that cuts on the right hand side; also a full line of
Mowers, Harvesters and Repairs
of all the osborne machines.
HAYCARRIERS & FORKS, BUREAK GRAIN FANS, CIDER MILLS, MILLBURN AND SHUTTLER WAGONS, SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES, PHOSPHATES, &c. &c.
Also Agent for A. H. ANDREWS & CO.'S
SCHOOL, HALL AND CHURCH
FURNITURE!
Warehouse, TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY of each week.
P. D. W. HANKEY.
Cor. Washington and Railroad streets, Gettysburg, Pa. June 21, 1887. tf

KING'S
COMBINATION
SPECTACLES
Will Correct and Preserve the Sight.
A LARGE and complete assortment of those old and thoroughly tested and reliable Spectacles always on hand. Persons who have been fitted with these lenses recommend them. A very valuable aid to the sight. Call and see them at
J. N. WOLF'S
JEWELRY STORE, OPERA HOUSE
GETTYSBURG, PA
May 20, 1887. tf

GETTYSBURG
DRAIN TILE AND POTTERY WORKS
H. M. SPEESE & SON,
A fine Pottery, on Seminary Ridge, in order to supply the increasing demand for their Tile, have erected a number of the latest improved TILE MACHINES, and are now prepared to furnish Tile of any diameter desired, delivered at railroad or canal at the lowest possible rates. All work sold at manufacturers rates!
EARTHENWARE
in endless variety, including Vases, Crocks, Dishes, Cuspidores, Artistic Pottery, &c., everything to be found at a Crockery establishment. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Call and see the work and learn prices.
May 21, 1887. 3m*

Gettysburg Compiler.

Tuesday Evening, June 28, 1887.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

LOCAL FLASHES.—This issue of the COMPILER is printed Monday evening.

—Reunion of the Army of the Potomac at Gettysburg in 1888.

—The Army of Northern Virginia to be invited.

—Jacob Hayberger and wife, of Latimore township, have made an assignment to Daniel F. Stitzel for benefit of creditors.

—Farm hands are reported scarce.

—Dr. Stem, at Cashtown, is suffering from a recent slight attack of paralysis.

—The 8th Pa. Cavalry will hold a reunion here July 13th.

—Rev. J. K. Demarest delivered the Baccalaureate Sermon at the Shippensburg Normal School Commencement on Sunday evening.

—The G. A. R. Encampment at Gettysburg, July 9 to 15, promises to be the largest yet.

—Mrs. Duncan will convert her parlors into a business room.

—Mr. Ambrose Kline, of McSherrystown borough, announces himself in the *Star* as a Republican candidate for County Commissioner.

—The cherry crop will be very short.

—Mr. D. F. Pittenturf has contracted to put granite coping on the Buehler lot in Evergreen Cemetery.

—Mr. W. N. Miller drives a new wagon, just the thing for the marble business.

—87th reunion at Gettysburg July 12th.

IF on time, the Fourth will arrive next Monday.

LOST, on Saturday, 25th of June, 1887, on the pavement on South Washington street or Taneytown road to Round-Top, a Tin Case with Specks. The finder will get a suitable reward by returning them to me in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg. DAVID STERNER.*

P. O.—By a readjustment of postmaster salaries, that of Major H. S. Benner, this place, is increased from $1,600 to $1,700.

Mr. J. E. Masenheimer, of Manchester, Md., has been appointed postal clerk on the line between Gettysburg and Emory Grove.

SEVERAL advertisements that came in just as we were ready for press, will appear next week.

THE Grand Army Band treated the town to an open air concert from the top of the Spangler building, in which they practice, on Saturday evening.

THE mayor of York forbids the firing of guns, pistols, crackers, &c., in that city on the 4th of July. Same at Carlisle.

COL. R. C. SWOPE, of Fairfield on Tuesday evening, lost a valuable horse at Hanover, from colic.

MISS EMMA WEIBLE, of Franklin township, brought us a beautiful double dahlia, two full-blown flowers grown together, making a complete ball.

THE excursion from Carlisle to Baltimore, via Gettysburg, on Thursday, numbered considerably over 100.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.—There will be a competitive examination for the appointment of naval cadet of this Congressional District at York, on Thursday, June 30th next.

Applicants between fourteen and eighteen years of age, who are actual residents of either of the counties, Adams, Cumberland or York, will be permitted to present themselves.

Representative Levi Maish will furnish candidates any information they may desire.

CLOSING EXERCISES.—Prof. Sheely's school closed on Friday evening in the old Academy building, with highly interesting exercises, in the presence of a large number of invited guests. Prior to this the scholars were given a very enjoyable reception at the Professor's residence.

VIRGINIA CROPS.—On our return from the Natural Bridge of Virginia on Friday we noticed the farmers busy cutting wheat all along the route as far north as the Potomac. The crop seems fair—not heavy, but better than in most of southern Pennsylvania. Corn is everywhere growing finely. In grass and oats our region is ahead of anything we saw on the trip. Let our people be content.

BASE BALL.—Gettysburg came out ahead in the national game on Saturday afternoon. The first nine of the town went to Mt. Holly and defeated the nine there by a score of 27 to 12, while at home the "Young Defiance" made a score of 32 to 14 over the Littlestown nine on the G. & H. R. R. grounds.

MAJOR JENKINS POST, No. 99, G. A. R., of Hanover, last week received by express a large and handsomely bound Bible, as a present from Mr. Geo. W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*.

BASS.—George King, of East Berlin, recently caught a black bass which weighed 4 pounds and Conrad E. Myers, of York Springs, one that weighed 3 pounds.

MR. WM. H. WILSON, for some time postal clerk on the Baltimore and Harrisburg Division of the Western Maryland Railroad, having relinquished that service, is now engaged as traveling salesman for V. J. Timmons & Co., manufacturers of cigars, McSherrystown.

THE big barn of Mr. Vincent O'Bold, at McSherrystown, required nearly 80,000 feet of frame stuff and 51,000 shingles.

A PARTY of Pennsylvania Railroad freight agents spent Friday evening here, coming in a special car, accompanied by Supt. Woodward. They took a hasty trip over the battlefield, stopped over night at the Eagle and left next morning.

EVERY Democrat can give the Democratic ticket a cordial support. The candidates are all honest and capable, and Democrats should feel that now is the time to put in the best work possible. The enemy is on the run.

THE Hanover Silver Cornet Band will hold the annual pic nic in McSherry's grove, near Littlestown, on the 4th of July.

REV. W. H. JORDY was installed as pastor of the Lutheran church at Wrightsville on the 19th inst.

A SLIGHT fire in the residence of Dr. C. W. Krise, at Carlisle last week considerably alarmed the family, but did no damage of any account.

THE striking relic, a log with a shell embedded in it, and furnished with a granite top and base, on exhibition at J. A. Danner's museum, was recently sold to Major F. A. Muhlenburg, formerly a student of Penna. College, now residing at Galesburg, Mich., for Orcutt Post, of that State.

YOU can buy a pair of nice neat Ladies dress shoes for $1.25 at Schroder's. je14

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.—The exercises of the 55th Commencement of Pennsylvania College opened on Sunday morning with the Baccalaureate sermon by President H. W. McKnight, his text being from Joshua iii, 4, "For ye have not passed this way heretofore." In eloquently and ably discussing his theme, "The Untrodden Way," the Dr. employed the caution of the text in enforcing the conditions of a true life movement, which were self-culture, a definite and adequate aim, and the trustful and obedient subordination of the whole movement to the Divine will and order. In closing, he forcibly impressed upon the graduating class the importance of acting in the living present rather than trusting to any pleasant promises of the future.

In the evening Rev. J. A. Earnest, of Mifflinburg, Pa., delivered a thoughtful and practical address before the Y. M. C. A. of College on "What do we more than others? or the responsibility of christian profession." Both exercises were well attended by citizens and the large number of visitors now in town. A pleasing feature of the day was the exquisite solos of Miss Mason, a professional vocalist from New York, who is stopping at Prof. Croll's.

On Tuesday afternoon at 2 the Senior class exercises will take place on the College Campus. In the evening Theological Seminary graduating exercises in Christ church with an address by Rev. W. H. Dunbar, of Lebanon.

Wednesday morning Junior Exhibition; in the afternoon Alumni Dinner at Round-Top Park; in the evening address before College Alumni by Dr. G. D. Stahley, of Harrisburg.

Thursday morning graduating exercises and conferring of degrees.

The old custom of sending bouquets, &c., on the stage has been abolished, and hereafter "no favors" to the orators will be the order.

Music will be furnished by the York Opera House Orchestra.

FEMALE GRADUATES.—Miss E. Virginia O'Neal, youngest daughter of Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, of this place, was one of the eleven graduates of the Moravian Female Seminary, at Bethlehem, Pa., on Wednesday, delivering the Class Prophecy. Two school-mates, Miss Elizabeth Stample, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Miss Laura Courtright, of Rockaway, N. J., are guests at her home. Miss Helen Winebrenner, of Hanover, is also visiting at Dr. O'Neal's.

Miss Sallie E., daughter of Mr. S. A. Gilliland, of Straban township, and Miss S. Ella, daughter of Capt. J. F. Gilliland, of Texas, both nieces of Miss S. Ella Gilliland, of this place, pupils in the same institution, returned on Thursday.

As the commencement of St. Joseph's Academy, near Emmitsburg, Miss May Shorb, daughter of Dr. E. F. Shorb, of Littlestown, was awarded the first honor of her class.

At the commencement of the National School of Elocution and Oratory, of Philadelphia, Miss Annie Cunningham, daughter of John Cunningham Esq., of Fahnild, was awarded both a science and an art honor.

Daughters of Messrs. S. J. Cadori, S. G. Cook, John A. Livers and S. I. Diller, attending St. Joseph's Academy, McSherrystown, have returned for the summer vacation. The exercises at this institution were very interesting and attended by a large concourse of spectators.

MONUMENT COMMISSION.—The members of the Gettysburg Tablet Commission were appointed by Governor Beaver on Thursday. They are: General John P. Taylor, of Reedsville, Mifflin county; General J. P. S. Gobin, of Lebanon; General John P. Nicholson, of Philadelphia; Colonel R. Bruce Ricketts, of Wilkesbarre, and Colonel Samuel Harper, of Pittsburg.

TOWN COUNCIL.—At a special meeting of the Town Council on Friday evening that part of the ordinance relative to using wheelbarrows on the pavements was suspended, and roosting penalty on the street's prohibited. An ordinance was passed against herding cattle on the streets, alleys and squares of the town. Dark lanterns were ordered for the police. The Burgess gave notice that legal proceedings had been instituted before Justice Coy against the town authorities and that the hearing had been fixed for Tuesday morning next. This action is brought to recover money paid as carriage license under the old ordinance.

GOLDEN WEDDING.—Capt. J. H. and his wife, Mrs. E. A. Skelly, celebrated the 50th anniversary of their marriage on Tuesday last. All the living members of the family were present except C. Edwin, detained at home by a sick daughter. Those present were Mrs. E. O. Creager, of Kent, Ohio; John A., and wife of Chicago; George M., of Springfield, Ill; Daniel A. and wife, of this place, and Misses Sarah and Annie, daughters residing at home; also an old acquaintance and relative, Mrs. Ephraim Pinefrock, of Chambersburg. The family reunion was one of peculiar pleasure to all, a similar meeting not having occurred within twenty years.

ACCIDENTS.—On Thursday evening, while Mr. Levi E. Bushman, who keeps the toll-gate on the Baltimore turnpike, at Mr. S. M. Bushman's farm, was hewing a plank at Mr. Samuel McAllister's, the adz slipped and striking the outside of the left knee cut a deep gash about two inches long, which bled profusely. Dr. Walter H. O'Neal was called and rendered the necessary surgical attention. The severe wound will necessitate confinement to bed for several days.

On Saturday evening week, William Minter, of Conowago Township, this county, fell from a fence and broke his left shoulder bone.

Robert A. Horner, of Taneytown, a brakeman on a Frederick Division freight train, while shifting cars the same day was caught between a car and M. D. Smyser's coal shed at Spring Grove, and had his shoulder dislocated.

WE are indebted to Mr. Augustus Duncan, of Chambersburg, a member of the State Board of Fish Commissioners, for a copy of their last annual report. No brook trout seem to have been distributed to this county, most probably because not asked for, but Mr. J. G. Warren and Mr. Adam Larew each received 20 German carp. The carp interest is receiving considerable attention throughout the country, as it deserves.

A young son of Mr. J. F. Slaybaugh, of Huntington township, was thrown from a horse last week, sustaining a fracture of the collar bone and an ugly cut on the head.

SALES.—Alexander Spangler has sold for $134.87, one acre and 12 perches of land in Cumberland township to Hon. David Wills.

Mr. Daniel N. Bucher, of Abbottstown has bought from his son-in-law, Orville Long, a farm of 127 acres in Tyrone Township, Adams County, for $7,000. He has also sold to Mr. Long, the old tanyard farm in Berwick Township, 101 acres, along the Hanover and Abbottstown turnpike, for $7,500.

THE Republican County Convention is to meet on the 1st of August. The harvest will be small, no matter how numerous the harvesters.

MONUMENTS, DEDICATIONS, VISITORS.—Work is being pushed by Mr. Roche on the monuments he is erecting for the Smith Company, and all will be ready for dedication in ample time.

The 13th New Jersey regiment in McAllister's woods, near Spangler's Spring, is of Westerly granite, standing about thirteen feet high, four by six feet at base, the die having on its face a soldier on picket on one knee in the act of firing, his gun against a tree. The monument has the twelfth Corps badge with full historical inscription and cost $2,000. The veterans and friends are expected here on Thursday evening next at 6 o'clock. Arrangements have been made for a camp-fire in the Court-house the same evening. Friday morning, July 1st, the unveiling will take place. Major Gen. Henry W. Slocum, who commanded the Twelfth Corps in this battle, will be the orator of the day.

The imposing memorial of the 71st Pennsylvania, at the Clump of Trees, is six feet square at the base and twelve feet four inches high, of rock faced granite with polished panels and cap, the panels filled with historical data concerning the regiment. This will be dedicated on July 3d. Near this is a granite marker erected by this regiment indicating the spot where Lieut. Cushing, of the 4th U. S. Artillery, whose battery the 71st supported, was killed.

Next in line, south of the above, is the 69th Pennsylvania, put up by J. E. Burke, of Philadelphia, a Quincy granite shaft about 20 feet high, with elaborate lettering and markers to indicate the places occupied by the ten companies of the regiment.

Both these regiments belonged to the Philadelphia Brigade, who are expected on the afternoon or evening of July 2d, in ample time to meet and welcome their guests, the survivors of Pickett's Division. It is probable a grand camp-fire will be held the same evening, the Court-house having been engaged for the purpose.

The Richmond *Dispatch* says: "The delegation of Pickett's men who propose going to Gettysburg as the guests of the Philadelphia Brigade Association will leave Richmond on a special train on the morning of July 2, and will arrive at Gettysburg at 9 o'clock that night. The route will be by the Chesapeake and Ohio and Shenandoah Valley Roads."

On Sunday the exercises of dedication will take place, veterans of both sides in that bloody conflict just twenty-four years previous participating.

The Philadelphia *Times* says that the proposition is now made by the soldiers of the Philadelphia Brigade to return to the veterans of Pickett's Division the flags captured from them at Gettysburg.

It is expected both parties will remain and celebrate the 4th jointly at Gettysburg. From 100 to 200 Confederates are expected and the subscriptions to the fund for their entertainment as guests of the Philadelphia Brigade amount to over $1,000.

On the other side of the Clump of Trees stands the costly sarcophagus of Cowan's battery, of massive proportions, having on its face a beautifully wrought bronze plate showing the working of a section of the battery at the crisis of that struggle and when a charge of "Double Canister at ten yards" is about to be poured into the ranks of Pickett's men as they appear at the stone wall. A smaller bronze plate is set in the rear of the die. This excursion will leave Auburn, N. Y., on the evening of July 2d, and arrive here in time for breakfast on the 3d, their exercises of dedication being fixed for Sunday afternoon. Hon. S. S. Payne will be orator on the day.

About 150 members of the G. A. R. Post at Lynn, Mass., will leave Boston on July 1st, arriving here on the 2d and remaining over Sunday.

THE GETTYSBURG REUNION.—*Fraternal Fellowship of the Blue and Gray on Pennsylvania's Historic Field.*—The Philadelphia *Times* of Saturday says: The arrangements for the reunion of the "Blue and the Gray," the Philadelphia Brigade and Pickett's Division, at Gettysburg, have nearly been completed. The main body of Pickett's Division will leave Richmond July 2, reaching Gettysburg the same evening. The Philadelphia Brigade will leave Broad and Filbert at 12 o'clock noon. It will meet at 10 o'clock at Eleventh and Chestnut, march down Chestnut to Fifth, there reviewed by Mayor Fidler, and his Cabinet, George W. Childs, Thomas Dolan, Hamilton Disston and a few other warm friends of the brigade, thence up Fifth to Market, thence to railway station, the Hibernia Rifles, 100 strong, acting as an escort. The Brigade will reach Gettysburg at 5.30 p. m.

Pickett's men will be escorted to the Court House where a campfire will be held. Colonel Charles H. Banes, as commander of the brigade, will extend a soldier's welcome. Colonel Aydelott, of Virginia will respond on behalf of Pickett's men, then will follow A. K. McClure, on behalf of the city of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania, and the Mayor of Richmond will accept the fraternal welcome on behalf of Richmond and Virginia.

On Sunday morning an early visit will be made to the spot where Pickett's Division made its heroic charge upon the Sixty-ninth and Seventy-first Pennsylvania Volunteers at the Bloody Angle. Then services will be held. At 1.30 p. m. the Sixty-ninth will dedicate its monument.

At 2.30 the California Regiment—the Seventy-first of the Pennsylvania line—will dedicate its monument. At four o'clock Cowan's Battery will dedicate its monument. On the Fourth a five hours' drive over the historical points of the Gettysburg battlefield will be made. The exercises for the afternoon of July 4 have not been yet determined.

Secretary Frazier, of the committee of arrangements, says that this the unanimous belief of his committee that the Philadelphia Brigade, having once established the principle of fraternal reunions between the blue and the gray, by making this one successful, such reunions will be held annually all along the line from the Potomac to the Mississippi and that they will do more to establish American fellowship and fraternity than anything else that has taken place since the war ended.

THE Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Gettysburg from all stations on its lines, on July 2d, 3 and 4th, 1887, good to return until and including the 5th, at one fare for the round trip. The same is the case with the P. & R., C. V., and G. & H. Railroads.

THE monument erected one mile south of Greencastle to the memory of Corporal Wm. H. Rhll, the first Union soldier killed in action on Pennsylvania soil, was dedicated on Thursday in the presence of a large crowd, including several military companies and Grand Army Posts. The oration was delivered by Gen. J. P. S. Gobin, followed by addresses by Dr. W. M. Hall and Dr. H. G. Uhrizman. The monument is of Quincy granite, twenty feet high.

P. D. W. HANKEY has returned from a Western trip, and again opened the Farmers' Warehouse with a full line of D. M. Osborne & Co's Harvesting Machinery and Repairs. je21.tf

A LARGE colored excursion, with band, from Baltimore, is enlivening the town. The number is nearly 600.

REUNION OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.—There was a large gathering of veterans of the Army of the Potomac at Saratoga on Wednesday. The following vice presidents, elected by the corps, were announced: First Corps, General L. Fairchild; Second, Colonel Edward A. Dudley; Third, A. J. Clark; Fifth, J. H. Steiner; Sixth, W. E. Plato; Ninth, John S. Costar; Eleventh, Lieut. Colonel Henry Root; Twelfth, General James C. Rodgers; Nineteenth, General A. W. Greely; Cavalry, H. T. Bartlett; Signal, Captain R. B. Wood, Jr.

Several resolutions were offered on the matter of the return of the captured flags, but all were laid on the table. Resolutions were presented that the next annual meeting be held at Gettysburg July 1, 2 and 3, 1888, and that the survivors of the Army of Northern Virginia be invited to meet with the society. These were adopted after a ringing speech in favor of the last by Corporal Tanner. General J. C. Robinson, of New York, was elected president; Lieutenant Colonel Samuel Truesdell, treasurer; Colonel H. C. King, of New York, recording secretary, and General George H. Sharpe, of New York, corresponding secretary.

The imposing procession was reviewed by Governor Hill and staff, Gen. D. E. Sickles and Gen. W. T. Sherman. At the banquet in the evening the president announced the following committee under General Sickles' resolution to make arrangements for the meeting at Gettysburg in July 1888, and to invite the Confederate army of Northern Virginia: First Corps—General A. J. Doubleday, General J. C. Robinson and private James Beals, 16th Massachusetts. Second Corps—General F. C. Barlow, Colonel W. L. Tidball and Major C. A. Rice. Third Corps—General Daniel E. Sickles, General J. B. Carr and General C. H. Graham. Fourth Corps—General Church. Fifth Corps—Generals D. C. Butterworth, Fitz John Porter and S. W. Crawford. Sixth Corps—M. C. McMahon, C. A. Whittier and T. N. Hyde. Ninth Corps—General Hartranft, General Parke and Major Harker. Eleventh Corps—Gen. O. O. Howard, General Devins and General Schurz. Twelfth Corps—General H. W. Slocum, General Barnes and General Greene. Cavalry Corps—General Pleasonton, General McIntosh and General Hammond. Artillery—General Hunt, Colonel Cowen and Major Smith. Nineteenth Corps—General N. P. Banks, General Armory and H. A. Williams. Army of the James—General B. F. Butler and General Hawley. Staff—General George H. Sharp, General H. A. Tremaine and Major Fassett.

METHODIST REUNION AT ROUND-TOP.—Rev. H. C. Pardoe, presiding elder of the Harrisburg district, of the Central Pennsylvania conference, has sent out the following circular to the presiding elders and pastors of all the districts within the confines of the conference: Gettysburg is becoming more and more the shrine whither the national thought and desire bend. The most delicate and thrilling memories cluster about that "field." This is seen in the recent extraordinary appropriations of moneys to it by the various states—Pennsylvania included—and the erection of many costly monuments. It is said that 100 will be erected this year. The interest in the battlefield is also seen in the large number of private and public excursions to it from all parts of the country. It has been suggested that our Methodist people should have a reunion on "Little Round Top" on Thursday, September 8, 1887. The proposition is to have low railroad excursion rates from the various towns in the Cumberland valley, in York, Dauphin, Perry and other counties; to start from home at an early hour, each party with its own lunch basket; to have during the day some speeches, lonts, &c., in the line of Methodist history, and the like; to invite one or more of the bishops and editors to be present, and to spend the day in delightful acquaintanceship, calling up reminiscences of our beloved church, then returning home in the evening.

It is expected that Cumberland, Franklin, Dauphin, York and Adams counties will be well represented, and efforts to make it a grand gathering of the Methodist church will not be lacking.

THE Cumberland Valley Sunday School Assembly will be held at Williams' Grove, July 18th to 23rd. Up to this date the following eminent lecturers and instructors have been engaged: Rev. Geo. P. Hays, D. D., Cincinnati; Bishop E. R. Kephart, D. D., Toledo, Ohio; Rev. Jos. H. Dubbs, D. D., Franklin and Marshall College; Rev. Josiah Gillespie, D. D., New York; Rev. O. H. Tiffany, D. D., Philadelphia; Rev. Wm. S. Freese, York, Pa.; Rev. G. M. Reed, Nanville, Pa.; Mrs. Clara Hoffman, Kansas City.

PRESENT.—The Fire Company is in receipt of a handsome picture of Maj. Gen. George G. Meade, being a photograph taken from an oil painting in possession of the family, and showing the General standing in front of a camp and looking into the distance. It is enclosed in a carved oak frame and has the following inscription: "Presented to Gettysburg Steam Fire Engine Company No. 1, by Geo. Meade, through Wm. D. Holtzworth. June 21, 1887." Until the furnishing of the new hall is completed, which, by the way, is progressing rapidly and in first-class style, the picture is on exhibition at Warner's store. At a meeting of the Company on Tuesday evening a unanimous vote of thanks was tendered Col. Geo. Meade, for his kindness.

MR. THOMAS GORSUCH, president of the First National Bank of Frederick, has been appointed receiver for the Catoctin Iron Company, near Mechanicstown, in that county, as one of the results of the failure of Vice President E. L. Harper, of the Fidelity National Bank of Cincinnati.

FAMILY POISONED.—On Tuesday afternoon Dr. Diller was hurriedly summoned to the residence of Mr. Philip Cooley, near Latimore Post Office, where he found Mr. C., his wife and two boys all terribly sick. An examination resulted in the discovery that they had been poisoned from eating English cheese, and the proper antidote being administered, they were soon all right again.—*Comet.*

MR. EADWEARD MUYBRIDGE, whose remarkable instantaneous photographs of "The Horse in Motion," published in 1882, astonished the world, has been working in the same line for the past four years under the auspices of the University of Pennsylvania. About 30,000 have been expended, and 100,000 plates have been exposed. The result is a series of views presenting over 20,000 positions assumed by men, women and children, draped and nude, and by birds and animals in motion. *The Century* some time ago secured the right to the first publication of a selection from these pictures, and in the July number an article will appear on this subject, by Talcott Williams, of the Philadelphia *Press*, illustrated with a number of the views, including those of men jumping and somersaulting, batting and throwing base-ball, birds flying, horses jumping, a mule "bucking" and kicking, etc.

FROM BENDERSVILLE.—The school board of Menallen township will build a school house on the road leading from this place to Arendtsville, which will be 28 by 36 feet, with an 11 foot ceiling, the house to be a framed one, with patent furniture and other modern improvements.

Mr. Rex, who is visiting here, tells us that Lander Post, 150, of Lake City, Iowa, to which he belongs, has three brigadiers, two colonels and twenty captains on its roll of members and has representatives from 13 different states in it.

Rev. Heisler, the former pastor of the Lutheran church here, will preach in the Hill church of this place on next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Rev. M. H. Sangree, of the Reformed church, will preach here next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Hill church.

An effort is being made here to start a camp of the Sons of Veterans.

Mrs. Yeatts, aged 73 years, of this place, took her first ride on the cars one day last week.

Mrs. Taylor and her daughter were visiting in Cumberland county last week.

Farmers are making hay and this week will cut grain in this vicinity.

S. E. Wampler, Esq., of this place, has corn growing in his lot which measures 6 feet 4 inches without stretching a leaf.

Miss Gubler and Miss Blick, of Baltimore, are visiting here, the guests of Dr. Mumma.

Elden Post, 507, of this place, expect to attend the G. A. R. Encampment at Gettysburg and will march, from here there in true soldier style, and whilst there will conduct themselves in a soldierly manner. It is as good a Post as is in the county, being composed of good men. DAGE.

LITTLESTOWN ITEMS.—Rev. E. D. Weigle and family, of Altoona, while visiting Littlestown, were the guests of Dr. C. P. Gettier.

Isaiah Mehring and Thomas Smith, while quarrying stone at James Lefevre's, last Thursday, in Union township, were almost covered with ground by the bank caving in. Mr. Smith had his leg broken and received other injuries; Mr. Mehring escaped with a few scratches.

Rev. W. C. Wire and family, accompanied by a few friends, took possession of St. Paul's Lutheran parsonage last Thursday. The Ladies' Mite Society had prepared a sumptuous supper for the incoming pastor. At 8 p. m. a reception was held, Mr. Amos A. Parr master of ceremonies. The choir rendered excellent music, and addresses of welcome were made by Mr. Theodore Crouse and Revs. E. J. Metzler and E. D. Weigle, to which Rev. W. C. Wire made a feeling address, thanking the congregation for their kindness and appreciation. The Littlestown Band also serenaded the pastor with choice music.

The receipts of the Alpha Fire Company's Fair were a little over $50 above expenses.

Mr. Levi Smucker, whose sudden death we noticed last week, was mowing grass, and whilst stooping down to pick up some grass to clean the scythe dropped over and expired almost instantly.

Farmers are busy making hay.

June 25, 1887. EAGLE-EYE.

NEW OXFORD RECORDINGS.—Our citizens have contracted with the Howard Company of New York for a Town Clock, to be put on the tower of the M. E. church. The clock is to be made and delivered here in thirty days.

Mr. Jos. R. Diehl, who had an ankle sprained last week, can now go on crutches.

The Railroad Company is still at work on the siding at Myers's warehouse. When completed the noon train will pass here, instead of at the pike.

Our borough tax has been laid at three mills.

The caterpillars are doing considerable damage to fruit trees in this place and neighborhood. They should be attended to, as fruit will be scarce.

Our citizens are about starting a Building and Loan Association. At all events, a subscription is out to secure shares, and if the requisite number can be had it will be started at once.

Considerable grass has been cut the past week. The smell of the new-mown hay perfumes the air all around. There are other odors infecting the air of our town not so pleasant to the nostrils.

By actual measurement corn is growing at the rate of a foot per day, more or less.

The boys have been busily engaged the last week kicking the foot ball, and have received sprained ankles and bruises, the result of their sport.

A fly vibrates its wings 330 times a second, and the bald headed man is distinced in every competition.

On Sunday last, after Sunday School, the large chandelier in the Reformed church in this place fell, but was not very seriously damaged. The rope must have been moth eaten.

The farmers are busy at the hay crop, but the wet weather has given them considerable trouble. Some are busy too at plowing corn, &c. Then comes harvest almost before they can get ready for it. Some wheat will be cut next week, and a few rye patches this week. O.

EUGENE L. ROWE, Esq., is building a new law office in Emmitsburg; and Mr. Joseph Snoufflar is having the dwelling lately occupied by Mr. Edward Taveirne, in the same place, torn down, and will build a new one on the old site.

As Mr. D. H. Rolman and wife were returning home from church on Sunday morning, his dun mule scared at some boys waving branches of trees in the road just beyond Bell's mill, and becoming unmanageable, tumbled the buggy with its occupants and himself over and down the high bank a distance of thirty-six feet. They fortunately escaped with a few bruises and a demolished buggy.

Two Peerless traction engines had a collision on the Waynesboro' pike just above Horner's mill on Tuesday afternoon, and the smoke-stack on one of them was considerably damaged.

One day last week, John Briscoe, a colored man employed at St. Joseph's House, went to dump a cart load of gravel, and first fastened the lines to the cart bed; he then dumped the cart, and of course raised the mule off his front feet. He called on a passerby to help him lift the cart back, and when told to cut the lines, said "Day's new one, cant do dat." Somehow he succeeded in getting the cart bed back, and released the mule from his position without spoiling the lines.—*Emmitsburg Chronicle.*

WESLEY and Fisher, brothers, were crossing a bridge near Butler, Ohio, on Monday, with a traction engine, when the bridge gave way and both men fell into the water fifteen feet below, where they were pinned by the engine. Wesley was held under water and drowned. Elmer was held fast by the feet, but his head remained above water. It took nearly two hours to release him and get out his brother's body.

SATURDAY afternoon week, during the absence of the family from the house, Mrs. Lydia Minnich, of Dallastown, aged 62, a very lusty lady, fell down stairs and was found dead when the family returned. An inquest was held, the jury returning a verdict "that death was caused by suffocation, the result of a fall down stairs."

FOREST CULTURE.

AN ACT FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF FOREST CULTURE AND PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR THE INJURY AND DESTRUCTION OF FORESTS.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted*, &c., That, in consideration of the public benefit to be derived from the planting and cultivation of forest or timber trees, in number not less than twelve hundred to the acre, shall, on making due proof thereof, be entitled to receive, annually, from the commissioners of their respective counties, during the period that the said trees are maintained in sound condition upon the said land, the following sums of money:

For a period of ten years after the land has been so planted, a sum equal to ninety per centum of all the taxes annually assessed and paid upon the said land, or so much of the said ninety per centum as shall not exceed the sum of forty-five cents per acre.

For a second period of ten years, a sum equal to eighty per centum of the said taxes, or so much of the said eighty per centum as shall not exceed the sum of forty cents per acre.

For a third and final period of ten years, a sum equal to fifty per centum of the said taxes, or so much of the said fifty per centum as shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five cents per acre.

Provided, That it shall be lawful for the owner or owners of the said land, after the same has been so planted for at least ten years, to thin out and reduce the number of trees growing thereon to not less than six hundred to the acre, so long as no portion of the said land shall be absolutely cleared of the said trees: *And provided also*, That the benefits of this act shall not be extended to nurserymen or others growing trees for sale for future planting.

SECTION 2. The owner or owners of forest or timber land in this Commonwealth, which has been cleared of merchantable timber, who shall, within one year after the said land has been so cleared, have given notice to the commissioners of their respective counties that the said land is to be maintained in timber, and who shall maintain upon the said land young forest or timber trees in sound condition, in number at least twelve hundred to the acre, shall, on making due proof thereof, be entitled to receive, annually, from the commissioners of their respective counties, the sums of money mentioned in the first section of this act: *Provided*, That the first period of ten years shall be counted from the time that the said land has been cleared of merchantable timber, and, that after the said first period of ten years, the number of trees upon the said land may be reduced as in the said first section is provided.

SECTION 3. Any person or persons who shall wilfully or carelessly cut bark from, or otherwise cut, burn, or injure any tree, plant, shrub or sprout, planted, growing, or being on any land of this Commonwealth, without the consent of the owner or owners thereof, first had and obtained, or who, without such consent, shall kindle, or cause to be kindled, a fire on any forest or timber land in this Commonwealth, or who shall carry into or over any forest or timber land any lighted candle, lamp, torch or other fire, without having the same secured in a lantern or other closed vessel, or who shall discharge or set off fire works of any kind on said land, or among the trees thereon, or who shall wilfully or carelessly burn or fire upon his or their own land, or that of others, any tree, brush, stubble or other combustible material, whereby fire shall be communicated to the leaves, brush, or timber upon any forest or timber lands belonging to other parties, shall be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars for each offence committed with costs of suit; one-half to go to the party or parties injured, and the other half to the school fund of the district in which said offence was committed: *Provided*, That if the defendant or defendants, neglect or refuse to pay at once the penalty imposed and costs, or shall not enter sufficient bail for the payment of the same within ten days, he or they shall be committed to the common jail of said county for a period of not less than one day for each dollar of the penalty imposed: *And provided*, When the penalty imposed is above five dollars, the defendant, or defendants, may enter into a recognizance, with good security, to answer said complaint on a charge of misdemeanor before the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the county in which the offence is committed, which court, on conviction of the defendant or defendants of the offence so charged, and failure to pay the penalty imposed by this act with costs, shall commit said defendant or defendants to the common jail of the county for a period of not less than one day for each dollar of penalty imposed.

SECTION 4. Any justice of the peace or alderman, upon information or complaint made before him, by the affidavit of one or more persons, of the violation of this act by any person or persons, shall issue his warrant, to any constable, or police officer, to cause such person or persons to be arrested and brought before the said justice of the peace or alderman, who shall hear and determine the guilt or innocence of the person or persons so charged, who, if convicted of the said offence, shall be sentenced to pay the penalty aforesaid.

SECTION 5. The commissioners of each county shall, within one month after the passage of this act, cause the same to be published one or more times in one newspaper of general circulation in their respective counties.

APPROVED: The 1st day of June, A. D., 1887. JAMES A. BEAVER.

WHILE Mr. Henry Yingling and family of Penn Township were in Hanover a few evenings ago, a thief entered their house and stole some $6 or $8 from a pocket-book in a bureau drawer. Nothing else is missed. Entrance was gained, it is thought, through an upstairs window, which had been left partly open.—*Herald.*

PETERSON for July begins a new volume, and we can honestly say that, exceptional in merit as it has proved itself this year, the present number is an advance on its predecessors. The steel-engraving, "The Pet Rabbit," is of rare beauty. A new serial begins, by Miss Bowman, the popular Southern writer, called "Along the Bayou," and, to judge from the opening chapters, it will prove even superior to her former stories. A special interest attaches to the illustrated paper, "The Princes of Modern Art," from the fact that it was the last article ever written by Charles J. Peterson, and is done in his happiest and most discriminating manner. Now is a good time to subscribe or to get up clubs. Terms: two dollars per year, or one dollar for six months, with large reductions to clubs. The premiums offered for getting up clubs are very handsome. Specimen copies sent free to those desiring to get up clubs. Address, PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

APROPOS to the Fourth of July and to the commencement season comes an entertaining account of "Chief Lifejet West Polph," by Captain Charles King, U. S. A., abundantly illustrated by R. F. Zogbaum. Captain King conducts the reader through all the curious details of life and work at

Gettysburg Compiler.

Tuesday Evening, June 28, 1887

HOW TO RAISE AND KEEP CELERY.

Perhaps no vegetable is more generally appreciated than celery. Like asparagus, it was once, and is still by some, regarded as a luxury requiring too much skill and labor for the ordinary gardener. This is a mistake. Few vegetables in my garden repay so amply the cost of production. One can raise turnips as a full crop much easier, it is true, but turnips are not celery any more than brass is gold. Think of enjoying this delicious vegetable daily from October till April! When cooked, and served on toast with drawn butter sauce, it is quite ambrosial. In every garden evolved beyond the cabbage and potato phase a goodly space of the best soil should be reserved for celery, since it can be set out from the 1st to the 20th of July in our latitude; it can be grown as the most valuable of the second crops, reoccupying spaces made vacant by early crops.

If the bed is made in spring, perform the work as early as possible, making the bed very rich, mellow, and fine. Coarse manures, cold, poor, lumpy soil, leave scarcely a ghost of a chance for success. The plants should be thinned to two inches from one another, and when five inches high shear them back to three inches. When they have made another good growth shear them back again. The plants are thus made stocky. In our latitude I try to set out celery between the 25th of June and the 15th of July. This latitude enables us to avoid a spoil of hot dry weather.

There are two distinct classes of celery—the tall-growing sorts and the dwarf varieties. A few years ago the former class was grown generally; trenches were dug and their bottoms well enriched to receive the plants. Now the dwarf kinds are proving their superiority by yielding a larger amount of crisp, tender heart than is found between long and coarse stalks of the tall sorts. Dwarf celery requires less labor also, for it can be set on the surface and much closer together, the rows three feet apart, and the plants six inches in the row. Dig all the ground thoroughly, then, beginning on one side of the plot, stretch a line along it, and fork under a foot-wide strip of three or four inches of compost, not raw manure. By this course the soil where the row is to be is made very rich and mellow. Set out the plants at once while the ground is fresh and moist. If the row is ten feet long, you will want twenty plants; if fifteen, thirty plants, or two plants to every foot of row. Having set out one row, move the line forward three feet, and prepare and set out another row in precisely the same manner. Continue this process until the plot selected is occupied. If the plants have been grown in your own garden, much is gained by *soaking* the ground around them in the evening and removing them to the rows in the cool of the morning. This abundant moisture will cause the soil to cling to the roots if handled gently, and the plants will scarcely know that they have been moved. When setting I usually trim off the greater part of the foliage. When all the leaves are left, the roots, not established, cannot keep pace with the evaporation. Always keep the roots moist and unshrivelled, and the heart intact, and the plants are safe. If no rain follows setting immediately, water the plants thoroughly—don't be satisfied with a mere sprinkling of the surface—and shade from the hot sun until the plants start to grow. One of the chief requisites in putting out a celery plant, and indeed almost any plant, is to press the soil *firmly to and, against, and over the roots.* This excludes the air, and the new rootlets form rapidly. Neither bury the heart nor leave any part of the root exposed.

Do not be discouraged at the rather slow growth during the hot days of July and early August. You have only to keep the ground clean and mellow by frequent hoeings until the nights grow longer and cooler, and rains thoroughly moisten the soil. About the middle of August the plants should be thrifty and spreading, and now require the first operation which will make them crisp and white or golden for the table. Gather up the stalks and foliage of each plant closely in the left hand, and with the right draw up the earth around it. Let no soil tumble in on the heart to soil or cause decay. Press the soil firmly so as to keep all the leaves in an upright position. Then with a hoe draw up more soil, until the banking process is begun. During September and October the plants will grow rapidly, and in order to blanch them they must be earthed up from time to time, always keeping the stalks close and compact, with no soil falling in on the developing part. By the end of October the growth is practically made, and only the deep green leaves rest on the high embankments. The celery now should be fit for use, and time for winter storing is near. In our region it is not safe to leave celery unprotected after the 10th of November, for although it is a very hardy plant, it will not endure a frost which produces a strong crust of frozen soil. I once lost a fine crop early in November. The frost in one night penetrated the soil deeply, and when it thawed out, the celery never revived. *Never handle celery when it is frozen.* My method of preserving this vegetable for winter use is simply this. During some mild, clear day in early November I have a trench ten inches wide dug just about as deep as the celery is tall. This trench is dug on a warm dry slope, so that by no possibility can water gather in it. Then the plants are taken up carefully and stored in the trench, the roots on the bottom, the plants upright as they grow, and pressed closely together so as to occupy all the space in the excavation. The foliage rises a little above the surface, and is earthed up about four inches, so that water will be shed on either side. Still enough of the leaves are left in the light to permit all the breathing necessary—for plants breathe as truly as we do. As long as the weather keeps mild, this is all that is necessary; but there is no certainty now. A hard black frost may come any night. I advise that an abundance of leaves or straw be gathered near. When a bleak November day promises a black frost at night, scatter the leaves, etc., thickly over the trenched celery, and do not take them off until the mercury rises above freezing-point. If a warm spell sets in, expose the foliage to the air again. But watch your treasure vigilantly. Winter is near, and soon you must have enough covering over your trenches to keep out the frost—a foot or more of leaves, straw, or some clean litter. There is nothing better than leaves, which cost only the gathering. From now till April, when you want a head or more of celery, open the trench at the lower end, and take out the crisp white or golden heads, and thank the kindly Providence that planted a garden as the best place in which to put man and woman also.

E. P. Roe, in Harper's Magazine.

CRANBERRY jelly mixed with cold water makes a refreshing drink for the sick.

QUARANTINED CATTLE.

How They Are Inspected and Isolated—Fifteen Hundred Already Killed.

United States Veterinary Inspector Dr. Wm. H. Wry reports that in Maryland there are now under quarantine, because of the prevalence of pleuro pneumonia, 49 herds of cattle, with a total of 250 head. This disease is on the decrease, only 13 new cases having been discovered in April last, and 5 during the present month. The inspectors are connected with the bureau of animal industry, a division of the agricultural department at Washington. Dr. Wry, with ten assistants, was ordered here in August last by Commissioner of Agriculture Norman J. Coleman to work, after consultations with Mr. T. Alex. Seth, secretary of the Maryland State live stock sanitary board, this arrangement becoming necessary to a recognition of the State's control of her internal matters. Since last August a large amount of work has been done by the inspection corps, and not less than 1,600 cattle have been slaughtered under Dr. Wry's direction, all of which were bought and paid for in full by the United States government. In many cases the stables have been burned and restitution paid as well. In every case the owners of cattle complied cheerfully with the law and parted with their stock until the Barton case was reached. Here the strong arm of the law had to use compulsion. So quietly has the slaughtering been executed that the quarantine would probably have caused no public comment if the Barton case had not occurred. The cases under quarantine at the present time are in Baltimore, Carroll, Howard and Prince George's counties. About 75 per cent. are in Baltimore county, while the counties of Howard and Carroll have but a small proportion of quarantined animals. Hanford county, a great milk producing district, is entirely clear of the dreaded pleuro-pneumonia. The large percentage here is because of the movements in traffic. It is the custom of the inspectors to visit all cattle stables, and where infected animals are discovered they are quarantined. An offer is made for the sick cattle or the entire herd, and they are slaughtered. Examinations are then made of the carcasses, the healthy ones being passed for food. The others are sold for fertilizers. Where the owner objects to the killing both sick and well are marked by the locking of the chains about the horns, the government number on the lock and the owner's address recorded. They are not permitted to be removed from the premises for 40 days after the quarantine is declared off, except when sold to butchers, who must chance an inspection. Should the lungs of the cattle be found diseased after slaughtering the meat is condemned and destroyed. These precautions are taken to prevent the spread of the disease, which only happens through contagion, the disease never originating spontaneously. If this precaution were not taken an owner who discovered that his cows were sick could sell them into healthy herds, as the chronic cases are deceptive in appearance.—*Baltimore Sun.*

A WARNING FOR TEA-TOPERS.—A friend who for many years was a terrible sufferer from periodical attacks of nervous headache, was telling me recently that he had discovered the cause of his trouble to be the use of tea. Since he he had stopped drinking it, some months ago, his general health had much improved, and there had been no symptoms during that time of a return of the old disorder. Knowing that one man's food is another man's poison, I concluded that what my friend found hurtful was still a blessing to the remainder of mankind, but yesterday I met another acquaintance who told me the same story of himself. No reformed drunkard is more zealous in urging his comrades to abandon the cup than is this gentleman in depicting to his friends the misery and pain that are caused by China's enervating beverage. The physical and mental inferiority of the Chinese to European races is entirely owing, he urges, to their immoderate use of tea, and if the Caucasians are to maintain their present supremacy in the world they will have to smash the tea-pot.—*Chicago Journal.*

The Breakfast.

"A large proportion of intemperance in the use of stimulants," philosophized a physician in a free lecture to the Buffalo *Express*, "may be laid, I think, to the light breakfast eaten by most people. After considering the question very carefully I have come to the conclusion that breakfast is the most important meal of the day, and that sufficient importance is not attached to it in the majority of households. Of course, in this, as in nearly all matters, we are largely the creatures of habit, but there are good and bad habits. I have found that a very large proportion of people, in this country at least, eat very little or nothing in the morning. Now, after the long fast enforced between supper or late dinner and 7 or 8 o'clock in the morning, a person in good health should feel hungry; and it is at this hour of the day that the heartiest meal may be eaten with the least probability of bad results. The man who starts out in the morning after having eaten a hearty breakfast will seldom, unless suffering from chronic indigestion, experience any of the discomforts which might follow a similar meal at any other time of the day. The chances are that he will also enjoy a happy frame of mind all day, and at noon, or later in the day, whichever be his custom, he will find himself with an excellent appetite for dinner. Eating creates appetite. The very opposite results will follow the other course in this matter, and the man who has not had a good breakfast will not enjoy a good dinner. I have treated a good many cases of habitual drunkenness, and in a great many of them I have found that the evil practice of tippling was begun to satisfy a gnawing, a faint sensation in the stomach in the morning, which was nothing more or less than disguised hunger."

EVERY cord of wood used and converted into ashes is so much fertilizer that may be used on the land. Not only do ashes contain potash, but also phosphoric acid and lime. If ashes be used freely it only requires some kind of nitrogeneous fertilizer to be added to enable the farmer to grow large crops.

SOME of the symptoms of pleuro-pneumonia are a short, dry cough, high temperature, unthrifty appearance, diminution of milk flow, cold horns and extremities. Only about half the animals die, but those once affected with the disease ever after are liable to infect other cattle.

THOSE who live on land where there is no gravel or sand should haul a load and spread it about the poultry yards. The fowls will enjoy it as much as though it were something good to eat, and in most cases it will do them more good. Don't forget this, as the chickens can't talk, and don't know how to ask for what they want.

A REVIVAL preacher addressed a Tennessee audience as a lot of "two-legged" hogs. The next week he appealed to his hearers by calling them "pusillanimous" skunks.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

DYSPEPSIA

Up to a few weeks ago I considered myself the champion Dyspeptic of America. During the 3 years that I have been afflicted I have tried almost everything claimed to be a specific for Dyspepsia in the hope of finding something that would afford permanent relief. I had about made up my mind to abandon all medicines when I noticed an endorsement of Simmons Liver Regulator by a prominent Georgian, a jurist whom I know, and concluded to try its effects in my case. I have used but two bottles, and am satisfied that I have struck the right thing at last. I felt its beneficial effects almost immediately. Unlike all other preparations of a similar kind, no special instructions are required as to what one shall or shall not eat. This fact alone ought to commend it to all troubled with Dyspepsia.

J. N. HOLMES,
Vineland, N. J.

CONSTIPATION

To Secure a Regular Habit of Body without changing the Diet or Disorganizing the System, take

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

ONLY GENUINE MANUFACTURED BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia.

June 7, 1887. 1y

HORNER'S
Pure Animal Bone
FERTILIZERS

We invite comparison in quality and prices with other Brands.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Joshua Horner, Jr & Co
Bowly's Whf. & Wood St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by
D. M. WOLF & CO. GETTYSBURG, PA.

June 14, 1887. 3m

ROOFING
PAINTS
DIAMOND ROOFING
FOR STEEP OR FLAT ROOFS
CAN BE PUT ON BY ANY PERSON.
THOUSANDS OF ROLLS SOLD ANNUALLY FOR BUILDINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
SEND FOR NEW CIRCULAR CONTAINING PRICE LIST AND REFERENCES
AGENTS WANTED.
M. EHRET, JR. & CO.
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
423 Walnut Street, PHILADELPHIA.
March 15, 1887. 3m

WE WILL STUDY TO PLEASE.

A. W. WOODWARD & CO.
Dry Goods, Groceries,
—AND—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Kingsdale, Adams Co., Pa.
GIVE US A CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELVES.
April 26, 1887. 3m

SCOTT'S EMULSION
OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
And Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda
Almost as Palatable as Milk.
The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time by delicate stomachs.
AND AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANÆMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, and all WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN it is marvellous in its results.
Prescribed and endorsed by the best physicians in the country and the world.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

DR. LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
SELLERS' LIVER PILLS ARE THE BEST
LADIES
DESIRING A
Lovely Complexion
AND TO GET RID OF
BLOTCHES, PIMPLES,
Flesh Worms, &c.,
Should NOT FAIL to use Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher, as it softens the skin, and brings back the BLOOM OF YOUTH.
For making PURE BLOOD this medicine HAS NO EQUAL. It cures ALL SCALY ERUPTIONS, ABUSE, SCROFULA, CANCER, BOILS, ULCERS, RHEUMATISM and all Blood diseases.
Try It. Send for circular. Sold by All Druggists.
Sellers Medicine Co.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Jan. 25, 1887. 1y

DIPHTHERIA CURE!
Also a Specific for Croup, Bronchitis Pneumonia, Colds, &c.
THE undersigned prepares a medicine, after the prescription of her father, Dr. EDWARD WENCHHOF, which has performed MARVELOUS CURES in DIPHTHERIA and all other diseases of the Throat and Lungs. It has won its way into the highest confidence because years of its have confirmed its merit. This is no hunting guess up to meet a sudden demand, but "tried and true." Put up in 50 Cent and One Dollar Packages. Address all orders to
Mrs. HENRY HOFFMAN,
Greenmount, Adams county, Pa.
Jan. 11, 1887. 6m

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
THE undersigned offers at private sale his FARM, adjoining Gettysburg, Tyrone township, Adams county, on the State road, containing 80 ACRES, more or less, improved with a large Two-story DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and a never-failing well at the house and another at the barn, with springs, and some fruit. Eight acres are in timber. A desirable property and should claim the attention of farm buyers. It will be sold on very easy terms, or exchanged for a small property.
ALLEN GOLDEN,
Goldenville P.O
Nov. 18.-tf

THE COMMON SENSE LIFT AND FORCE PUMP
WORTH FIFTY TIMES ITS COST
If you need it to put out a fire, and afterwards hands for lots of other things. Ready for action in ONE-EIGHTH OF A MINUTE.
MAKES A COMPLETE FIRE DEPARTMENT
For any country place. Simple, durable, and cheap. Warranted to work well. Agents wanted. Address
THE COMMON SENSE PUMP CO.
Box 1, Gettysburg, Pa.

Energetic business men who will give it proper attention, are wanted to handle this pump in every town in Pa., N. J., Md., Del., Va., and N. C., and will be accorded centres of suitable territory not already occupied.
CHARLES G. BLATCHLEY
MANUFACTURER of all sizes and styles of WOOD PUMPS.
Office, 506 N. 2d, City Hall Square, Philadelphia, Pa.
Opp. Broad St. Station. P. R. R.
April 19, 1887. 1m

New Hardware Store.
THE undersigned, having opened a Hardware Store in Warner's building, on Baltimore street, opposite the court house, Gettysburg, Pa., invite attention to their large and carefully selected stock of
BUILDERS' & MECHANICS HARDWARE,
Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.
We are agents for the celebrated GENUINE ROYAL READY-MIXED PAINT, the king of all ready-mixed paints; one trial and you will use no other.
Saddlery and Carriage Hardware, Robes, Horse Blankets, House-furnishing Goods,
and a full and complete line of SHOVELS, HOES, FORKS, RAKES AND CHAINS, IRON AND STEEL.
All our goods have been bought for Cash and will be sold at rock bottom prices. Come in.
Respectfully,
J. HENRY SANDERS & SON.
Nov. 23, 1886. tf

NEW YORK ENAMELED READY MIXED
PAINTS.
PURE WHITE LEAD.
OF DIFFERENT MANUFACTURES.
All First-Class.
Felton, Rau & Sibley's
CELEBRATED
Pure Tinted Lead.
GLASS,
PUTTY, LINESED OIL, COLORS, &C.
The Largest Stock to Select From, and Lowest Prices.
JNO. M. HUBER,
Baltimore St., Gettysburg.
June 29, 1885. tf

CENTRAL SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES
LITTLESTOWN, PA.
FINE STOCK always for sale or exchange and customers invited from all parts to the county. Satisfaction guaranteed.
C. P. GETTIER.
March 29, 1887. tf

FITS STOPPED FREE
Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
for all Brain & Nerve Diseases. Only sure cure for Nervous Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INSTANT relief in all cases. Book of 936 pages FREE. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. Sold by druggists.

Undertaking Establishment.
H. P. MARK,
Arendtsville, Adams County, Pa.,
TAKES this opportunity to inform the citizens of Arendtsville and the public generally, that he is now prepared to attend to the undertaking in all its branches. He has a good hearse and all the furnishings, COFFINS, CASKETS, BURIAL CASES, BURIAL ROBES, Shrouds, &c., in all sizes and at such prices as cannot fail to satisfy the most fastidious. He has received from Philadelphia from a regular course in the art of
ARTERIAL EMBALMING,
as taught by the Cincinnati School. He will attend to EMBALMING at any time this the locality may call for the process entirely. Thankful for past favors, he asks a continuance of the public patronage. Place of business at corner opposite the residence of Mr. Andrew Hilbinger.
Jan. 17, 1881. tf

NEW WAREHOUSE.
THE undersigned, having opened business in the building formerly known as the Wolf Warehouse, opposite the O. and H. R. R. Freight House, Gettysburg, Pa., will
Buy and Sell all Kinds of
GRAIN & COUNTRY PRODUCE,
such as
CORN, OATS, RYE, BRAN, MIDDLINGS, ALL KINDS OF CLOVER AND POTATOES;
also the best brands of
Roller and Country Flour,
Coarse and Fine Salt. Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. A liberal share of public patronage solicited. Free delivery anywhere in the Borough.
T. S. WIBLE,
May 18, 1886. tf Agent.

Samuel H. Eicholtz
MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF
WAGONS, CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES, JAGGERS, SLEIGHS, etc., has removed his Shop to the north end of Carlisle street, GETTYSBURG, where he will continue to do all work in the best and cheapest manner on his well-earned share of public patronage.
Nov. 12, 1877.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.
Farquhar's Standard Engines & Saw Mills.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
Address A. B. FARQUHAR, York, Pa.
Aug 3, '85. 1y

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Do You Want The Earth?
We won't give you that, but this month we will give you the best bargains on earth in
MEN'S AND BOYS' TAILOR FITTING CLOTHING
—AND—
Gents' Furnishing Goods.
We are Overstocked, Overloaded, Overcrowded, Overwhelmed with this Big Assortment, and for ONE MONTH we offer it at
Clean Sweep Figures
GOODS SOLD AT MONEY-SAVING PRICES.
GOODS SOLD AT MONEY-REACHING PRICES.
GOODS SOLD AT PEOPLE-PLEASING PRICES.
GOODS SOLD AT UNEARTHLY LOW PRICES.
Are you with us this month?
JOHN R. STINE & SON,
Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.
March 8, 1887. tf

BLACK PILLS!
Aid Digestion, Remove Costiveness, Relieve Palpitation, Dispel Melancholy,
—AND—
CURE HEADACHE.
Used with advantage after a full meal and after the dissipation of high life.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
BLACK PILL CO.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Oct. 26, 1886-1y

MONEY SAVING BARGAINS
IN THE MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN IN GETTYSBURG OF
HARDWARE,
Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.
—AT—
H. J. BRINKERHOFF & SON'S,
BALTIMORE STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE COMPILER OFFICE.
Invoices of fresh goods received daily and everything in the line
SOLD AT LOWEST PRICES

WM. D. M'SHERRY,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Harness, Saddles and Collars,
Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets, and all Horse Furnishing Goods in General.
FLY NETS A SPECIALTY.
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG.
Jan. 14, 1886. tf

A HANDSOME WEDDING, BIRTHDAY OR HOLIDAY PRESENT.
THE WONDERFUL
LUBURG CHAIR
Combining a Parlor, Library, Smoking, Reclining or Invalid Chair, LOUNGE, BED, or COUCH.
Price $7.00 for Catalogue, and no Sunday trip. Sent SHIPPED to all parts of the world.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
All furnished with the Anti-matic Couch Brake, and Reclined at our Wholesale Private Salesroom in Philadelphia and in other cities.
THE LUBURG MANF'G CO., 145 N. 6th St., Philada., Pa.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

THE DANIEL'S PLOW SULKY.
WILL WORK EQUALLY AS WELL ON HORSE BIONY LAND AS ON THE WESTERN PRAIRIES. IT IS UNLIKE ANY OTHER SULKY IN THE WORLD, CAN BE ATTACHED TO ANY GANG-PLOW, WALKING OR RIDING. IT REQUIRES THREE AND IS WARRANTED NOT TO INCREASE THE DRAFT ONE POUND SO SIMPLE A CHILD STRONG ENOUGH TO DRIVE A TEAM CAN OPERATE IT. WILL TURN A SQUARE CORNER WITHOUT RAISING THE PLOW. THE ONLY PLOW MADE WITH A POOL LEVER TO SERVE THE POINTS OF PLOW ABSOLUTELY RIGHT GROUND OR ELEVATE IT TO SHOW OVER THE TOP OF THE STONES AROUND HOME. THE
We want a good Boeman to act as agent in every town in the U. S. Write for our liberal terms and prices.
E. S. DANIELS & CO.,
HAVANA, N. Y.
Jan. 11, 1887. 6m

5000 Book Agents Wanted to Sell
THE LIFE OF BUCHER.
AGENTS WANTED.
By Lyman Abbott and Rev. S. B. Halliday. Aust. pastor of Plymouth Church, and dictated largely by Mr. Beecher himself, and received his aid and approval; the book also contains contributions of personal reminiscences from over 50 prominent writers. This is the right book; don't be deluded to get any other. Complete life of the great preacher. Agents wanted in every town. *No Distance to Hinder.* Agents as we give SPECIAL TERMS and PAY FREIGHT CHARGES.
NOTICE.—All our Agents are given the full benefit of the Library Association, *which is a powerful lever* to aid them in soliciting subscribers for this book.
Never before has such an opportunity presented itself to Agents as is here offered in placing this publication before the public.
Write for full particulars and SPECIAL TERMS, sent free to all or secure an agency at once by sending $1.00 for outfit. Book now ready. Address, WINTER & CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass.
April 19, 1887. 15t

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

Who Asks the Biggest Price?
OUR competitors endeavor to explain. I am happy to say I am not in the ring. There is but one lowest price! If you want to purchase from my Spring Stock,
LEADING IN QUANTITY, QUALITY AND STYLE,
Shoes, Slippers and Hats,
THE CARLISLE CELEBRATED
NECKTIES, HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, SUSPENDERS, COLLARS, CUFFS AND SHIRTS, White and Fancy, &c.
R. M. ELLIOTT,
Cor. of Diamond and Carlisle sts.
April 12, 1887. tf

AN INVITATION.
New Place & Larger Stock!
WM. SPANGLER
WOULD inform his friends and the public, in town and country, that he has
Removed His Store
to the McConaughy building, second door east of the Keystone Hotel, on Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where a large new room affords space for display of a large new stock, to an inspection of which he invites a general call. His varied assortment of goods embraces everything to be found in a
FIRST-CLASS GROCERY
and the stock is kept new and fresh by constant additions from the cities. No effort is spared to keep the assortment up to the times, and on the smallest profits consistent with a living for the proprietor.
WALK IN, AT WM. SPANGLER'S, CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.
June 15, 1886. tf

REFRESHMENTS
—AT—
ROUND-TOP.
G. D. ROSENSTEEL
Having built an addition to his Round-Top Refreshment Building and furnished it, is now better than ever prepared to accommodate the public with a full line of refreshments, consisting in part of
Sandwiches, Ice Cream, Cakes, Pop, Ginger Ale, Cigars, Tobacco,
and everything in the line. BOARDING AND LODGING furnished at reasonable rates. MEALS at all hours, STABLING and HORSE FEED.
Remember the place, where the Avenue joins Round-Top Park.
May 4, 1886-tf G. D. ROSENSTEEL

Parlor & Cook Stoves
OF ALL KINDS. THE VERY LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED STYLES.
TIN, SHEET IRON AND HOLLOW WARE.
Coal & Lumber
OF ALL KINDS.
C. H. BUEHLER'S
WARE ROOMS,
Corner of Carlisle street and the Railroad
GETTYSBURG, PA.
1. tf

Ziegler & Holtzworth,
LIVERY, SALES AND EXCHANGE
STABLES,
WASHINGTON STREET,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
THE undersigned have entered into partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, have taken the well known Livery Stable of Wolf & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be excelled by any establishment in the town.
Persons wishing to visit the Battlefield will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for guides.
Give us a call. W. J. ZIEGLER,
Jan. 8, 1886. 1. W. J. HOLTZWORTH.

REMOVED!
Blacksmithing!
WM. B. GALAGHER,
HAVING removed his place of business to the shop of Ziegler & Holtzworth, on North Washington street, is now ready to do all kinds of
Blacksmith Work
in his line, including repairing to vehicles of every description. In the most workmanlike manner, and cheap in all cases.
Second-hand Buggies for sale cheap. Aug 10, 1886. tf

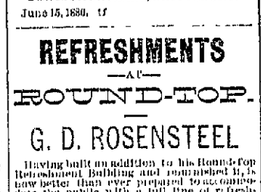
FURNITURE REPAIRING
Furniture Neatly Repaired and Upholstered, also Chairs Re-caned and Fitted Up at the Very Lowest Prices by
JAMES E. MARTIN,
CORNER OF CARLISLE AND WATER STS., GETTYSBURG.
April 26, 1887. 6m

GRANITE STREET CROSSINGS.
THE undersigned is prepared to split on and furnish Granite for
STREET CROSSINGS,
any thickness, width and length, at figures far below those heretofore charged.
The attention of the authorities of surrounding towns is called to this advertisement, as money may be saved thereby. Granite placed on cars at Gettysburg for any point ordered.
Address, NATHANIEL LIGHTNER,
Nov. 6, 1879 tf Gettysburg, Pa.

ESTABLISHED IN 1826.
Noah Walker & Co.,
195 AND 197 W. BALTIMORE ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Fall and Winter
SUITS & OVERCOATS
The Largest and Most Varied Stock in the City.
Styles and Prices to Suit All Tastes. All Goods Properly Shrunk Before being Made Up.
Custom Department which to order. Nov. 14, 1882. tf

NEW
Spring & Summer Goods
ALL THE LATEST STYLES.
SUITINGS AND PANTINGS
ALL WOOL CASSIMERE SUITS... $10 to $20.
WORSTED SUITS..... $10 to $25.
FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS..... $3 to $7
FITS GUARANTEED, AS MADE BY COMPETENT HANDS.
JOSEPH JACOBS.
Gettysburg, May 17, 1887. tf

CASH PAID FOR HIDES
W. S. Duttera's
Tannery No 2, Baltimore st., Gettysburg.
ALL KINDS OF LEATHER SOLD AT MARKET PRICE.
Jun. 11, 1887. tf



Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG PA.
HAVING leased the above well-known House, hope, with my long experience as a public caterer, to make it a pleasant resort for the citizen and stranger. SPECIAL RATES to patrons living in the county, jurors and witnesses attending court.
H. YINGLING,
Nov. 7 1878 tf PROPRIETOR.

Globe Inn,
YORK STREET, NEAR GOSTRE SQUARE,
GETTYSBURG PA.
F. S. Ramer, Proprietor.
THE above hotel has been recently enlarged and refitted in the best manner for the traveling public with all ways and the best accommodations and every endeavor will be made to render their sojourn at home. Terms reasonable. Carriage at the hotel. Omnibus and baggage wagon always in readiness.
A new Hack has run from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES. April 15, '85-tf

PHILIP QUIGLEY,
(FORMERLY OF CARLISLE,)
Wholesale Commission Merchant,
EGGS, POULTRY, &c.
Consignments solicited and returns made promptly. 301 South Front Street, Phila., Pa.
References: Major L. G. Hobbs and S. Kramer, Carlisle, Pa., and Lewis A. Buehler, Round Top Station. Feb 1, 1887. 1y.

New Process Flour.
E. PLANK'S
ROLLER MILL,
On Marsh Creek, three miles southwest of Gettysburg, formerly Bream's Mineral Mills.
THE undersigned, having completed a first-class Roller Mill, with the latest and most approved machinery, manufactured by the John T. Noye Manufacturing Company, of Buffalo, New York, is prepared to make the
Best and Highest Grades of Flour
to be found in the market. He hopes to supply their trade generally, and believes they will do well by selling his Flour. Custom work well done when the amount of wheat to be ground is delivered, or sufficient money to pay for it is tendered. Feed always on hand. Chop Feed, Bran, Middlings, Corn and Oat Chop, Salt, Lard, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Wood taken in exchange for work or money. Thankful for the public favor bestowed, he solicits a continuance of the same.
H. J. MYERS.
June 21, 1886. tf

NOW,
As Spring Opens,
PEOPLE will want to improve unsightly or dilapidated cemetery lots and graveyards and
WM. N. MILLER
is prepared to help them by selling them artistic
Monuments or Tomb Stones,
of Italian or American Marbles, or of NEW HAMPSHIRE GRANITE, at the lowest living profits, and workmanship guaranteed as good as can be had elsewhere. He is also prepared to furnish
MARBLE OR SLATE MANTLE
at the Marble Yard, on East Middle street, GETTYSBURG, where samples of both can be seen. WM. N. MILLER.
March 19, 1887. tf

COAL AND LUMBER.
JACOB SHEADS
Corner of Railroad and Stratton Streets,
GETTYSBURG,
CONTINUES with increased facilities the Coal and Lumber Business.
ALL KINDS LUMBER,
SHINGLES A SPECIALTY.
BEST QUALITY OF COAL ALSO WOOD FOR SALE.
Clean coal, always on hand and delivered promptly. PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. Yard near the Railroad depot. Orders left at Office of public patronage will receive prompt attention. Nov. 5, 1886. tf

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The undersigned, having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies.
He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it will cost them nothing and may prove a blessing. Those desiring the prescription, will please address, REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.
Oct. 26, 1886 1y

PLUMBING.
THE undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of PLUMBING, and to furnish materials therefor, including
BATHS, EARTH TUBS, WASHSTANDS, COMMODES, &C.
at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed.
I will be assisted by my son, WILLIAM D. ARMOR, who is skilled, and has had large experience in Baltimore under J. C. MITCHELL & Co., who writes:
"Our original hand (Wm. D. Armor) competent to do any work in the Plumbing or Gas Fitting line that he may undertake. We have entrusted him with some of our finest work in the city of Baltimore."
All orders left with the undersigned will receive prompt attention.
R. D. ARMOR.
Aug 2, 1886. 1y

GO TO
R. MINTER'S,
Arendtsville, Adams County Pa.,
FOR YOUR
MONUMENTS,
Headstones, Cemetery Lot Enclosures,
or anything in his line. Having a long experience in fitted designs, he is fully able to furnish anything in his line. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED IN ALL RESPECTS. Call and examine for yourselves. Work delivered free of charge in every part of the county. Place of business near Town Hall.
Aug. 3, 1886. tf

Watch and Clock
REPAIRING.
THE undersigned has not left town, but has moved to the square, in the room, above Zinn's store, Gettysburg, where he is prepared as usual to do all kinds of
Watch and Clock Repairing.
Fine Watches, such as Chronometers, American and Foreign, also Duplex and Repeating Watches a specialty. Don't forget the place and give me a call.
April 25, 1883. tf John P. Sommer.

RUPTURE Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 811 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Fees at once. No operation or business delay. Thousands of cures. At Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., 21 Saturday of each month. Send for circulars. Advice free. Jnd. 11, 1887. 1y

NOTICE.
A REWARD
OF FIFTY DOLLARS
WILL be paid by the undersigned to the persons entitled, upon the arrest and conviction of any one who shall wantonly and wilfully kindle any fire on the lands of another so as to set on fire any woodland, barren, or moors within the limits of Adams county.
A. SHELLY,
B. D. KULL B.
J. T. HARTZELL,
Commissioners
Attest—CHAS. H. RUPP, Clerk.
April 14, 1887. 3m

ADAMS COUNTY
MUTUAL
Fire Insurance Co.
Incorporated March 18, 1861.
OFFICERS.
President—Samuel R. Russell.
Vice President—Edward McPherson.
Secretary—G. H. Buehler.
Treasurer—J. A. Kitzmiller.
Executive Committee—Edw. McPherson, J. A. Kitzmiller, H. C. Fleking, G. H. Buehler.
Managers—S. R. Russell, Edw. McPherson, H. C. Fleking, J. A. Kitzmiller, G. H. Buehler, Gettysburg; A. W. Stone, East Berlin; Cyrus Bender, York Springs; W. Ross Wills, Idlewild; Jno. J. Orr, Hunterstown; Abel Cover, A. H. Parr, Mount Joy township; A. C. Musselman, Fairfield.
This company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 25 years, and its unexpired business now amounts to $3,521,95. Any person desiring insurance can apply to either of the Managers.
The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 10 o'clock, P. M.
Jan. 19, 1887. tf

NEW WAREHOUSE
AT
Round-Top Station.
L. A. BUSHMAN,
HAVING completed his warehouse at the Round-Top, on the Round-Top branch of the Gettysburg Railroad, in Reading Railroad, in business that he has opened the warehouse business in all its branches at that place, and asks a share of public patronage. He will pay the highest market price for
Grain of all kinds
and will sell at short profits
COAL, LIME AND LUMBER,
also a full line of
GROCERIES,
such as Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Salt Spices and everything usually kept in a first-class store. The leading brands of
PHOSPHATE
always on hand at reasonable prices. The stock is entirely new and every effort will be made to please customers, in quality of goods as well as in